Read Naturally SE Answer Guide

Version 2

Sequenced Levels Phonics Levels American Manners & Customs Levels Idioms Levels Spanish Levels

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Table of Contents

1	Answers for the Sequenced Levels	1
	Sequenced Level 1.0	2
	Sequenced Level 1.5	3
	Sequenced Level 2.0	4
	Sequenced Level 2.5	5
	Sequenced Level 3.0	6
	Sequenced Level 3.5	8
	Sequenced Level 4.0	9
	Sequenced Level 4.5	11
	Sequenced Level 5.0	12
	Sequenced Level 5.6	13
	Sequenced Level 6.0	
	Sequenced Level 7.0	22
	Sequenced Level 8.0	27
2	Answers for the Phonics Levels	
	Phonics Level .8	
	Phonics Level 1.3	
	Phonics Level 1.8	
	Phonics Level 2.3	
	Phonics Level 2.6	
	Phonics Level 2.7	40
3	Answers for the American Manners & Customs Levels	43
	American Manners & Customs Level 3.0	44
	American Manners & Customs Level 3.5	45
	American Manners & Customs Level 4.0	46
	American Manners & Customs Level 4.5	47
4	Answers for the Idioms Levels	
	Idioms Level 3.0	50
	Idioms Level 3.5	51
	Idioms Level 4.0	
	Idioms Level 4.5	53

.55
.56
.57
.58
.60
.61
.63

Answers for the Sequenced Levels

This chapter lists the answers to the quiz questions for the SE sequenced levels. The software automatically corrects the multiple-choice questions. A teacher or an assistant must evaluate the students' answers to the open-ended questions, namely:

- Question 5 (all levels)
- Question 7 (most stories in levels 7.0 and 8.0)
- Question 8 (most stories in levels 5.6 and higher)
- Question 9 (levels 5.6 and higher)

Please note that the answers given for the open-ended questions may not include all of the possibilities. Consequently, you should use your discretion when correcting them.

The starting page for each of the levels is listed below:

Level	Page
1.0	2
1.5	3
2.0	4
2.5	5
3.0	6
3.5	
4.0	9
4.5	11
5.0	
5.6	13
6.0	18
7.0	22
8.0	27

Sequenced Level 1.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The Airport

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. go on trips; eat; shop; pick people up

Apples

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. trees; farms; yards; stores

Bears

1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. They do not see well.

Bikes

1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. to have fun; to get places; to exercise

Boats

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. wind; motors; oars; people

The Bus

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. work; city; friends; town; school

Cars

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. The signal lights make cars safe by warning other people that the cars are going to turn. The headlights make cars safe by helping other people to see the car is near. The horn tells people a car is coming.

Cats

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. give them a place to live; give them a dry bed; give them food; give them water

The City

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. people; streets; buildings; houses; shops

Clouds

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. bear shape; boat shape; bus shape; cloud shape

Colors

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. red; orange; yellow; green; blue; purple

Sequenced Levels SE Answer Guide

Farms

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. less food; no place for some animals

Fish

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. catch them; clean them; cook them; grill them; fry them

Hats

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. to stay warm; to stay safe; to be funny; to give shade; to look good

Honey

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. use part of the flower to make honey they eat

Horses

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Because they have long legs.

The Moon

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. animals; plants; air; water

Pets

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. dogs; cats; rabbits; fish; birds

A Picnic

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. eat; play games; run; swing; go down slides

Rain

- 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. to help plants grow; to give us water to drink

Stars

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. the North Star

Trees

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. less shade; no wood; less fruit

Trucks

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b
- semi trucks; dump trucks; pickup trucks; tow trucks

The Zoo

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. feed them; clean them; make them well

Sequenced Level 1.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Baseball

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. run; throw; catch; bat; pitch; tag other players

Basketball

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. run; bounce the ball; catch the ball; throw the ball; get the ball in the net

A Circus

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- dogs; elephants; lions; clowns; people doing tricks

Clowns

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. c
- 5. wear funny clothes; do tricks; act silly; ride bikes and cars that are too small

Deserts

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. because there is little water; because it is too hot in the daytime and too cool at night

Dinosaurs

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. plants; other dinosaurs; dinosaur eggs

The Father of Our Country

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d
- 5. He was our first president.

Frisbee

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. catch them; throw them; play games with them

Giraffe

- 1. b 2. d 3. b 4. d
- sleep standing up; stand up when only one hour old; eat leaves and fruit off branches high in trees; rest their heads on branches of trees; close its nose

A Great President

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Abe worked to pay for a book he damaged.

Mammals

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. d
- 5. We have hair. Our babies are born alive. We are warm-blooded.

Mammals of the Sea

- 1. d 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. breathe air; have live babies; feed their babies mother's milk; have fur or hair

Martin Luther King

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Martin Luther King dreamed that all people could live together in peace. He wanted all children to be able to play together. He wanted the world to be fair for all people.

Oceans

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. fish; sharks; plants; whales; swimmers; salt water

Panda

- 1. d 2. d 3. b 4. d
- 5. are big; have fur; look like bears

Plants

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. to give us food; to give us flowers; to give us air

Sharks

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. live in water; swim well; have eyes; have fins; have tails

Snakes

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. in water; in deserts; in yards; in forests

Soccer

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. their feet; their heads; their knees

Swimming

- 1. d 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. teach swimming; watch people swim; save lives

Taxi

- 1. a 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. to the airport; to stores; to work

Sequenced Level 1.5 (continued)

Trains

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. ride; eat; sleep; read; talk

Winter

- 1. d 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. boots; hats; mittens; coats

Your Skeleton

- 1. b 2. d 3. b 4. b
- 5. give us shape; help us run; help us jump; help us grow

Sequenced Level 2.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Amelia Earhart

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. d
- first woman to fly across the Atlantic; tried to fly around the world; did things other girls did not do

Dinosaur with a Beak

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. ate land plants; had legs for running; had hooves

Do They Die?

- 1. a 2. d 3. b 4. c
- 5. It would lose too much water through its leaves and be unable to get water through its roots once the ground froze.

Dolphins

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d
- 5. born alive; babies drink mother's milk; help each other when sick; can see, hear, and taste

The Earth's Star

- 1. d 2. d 3. b 4. b
- 5. gives light; gives heat; gives off other kinds of energy

Elizabeth Blackwell

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- studied hard; became a doctor; opened a hospital for poor women and children; helped sick people

Frogs

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. born in water; can live in water; lay eggs in water

Fun on Ice

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- race; glide; spin; jump; use muscles; play hockey

Gecko

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- walk on ceilings; drop tails; grow new tails; can have two tails; sleep all day; make noise at night

George Washington Carver

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- earned his way through college; made more than 300 things from peanuts; made many new things from plants

Gliding Over the Snow

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- stay on better; smoother and flatter since not made of bone but made of metal, plastic or wood

Hot Air Balloons

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. The warm air in the balloon is lighter than the cold air outside.

Leap Year

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. d
- 5. It takes more than 365 days for the Earth to go around the sun, so the extra time is added together once every four years to make a leap year.

Man's Best Friend

- 1. d 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. guard houses; take care of cattle; pull sleds; are seeing eye dogs; hunt with people; warn people of danger

Night Flyers

- 1. a 2. d 3. b 4. a
- 5. The bat makes a sound that hits the food and bounces back to the bat, telling it where the food is.

Piano

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. Because the key moves a hammer that hits a string. The hit makes the string move very fast and produce a sound.

Pioneers

- 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a
- cleared woods; traded furs; explored the woods; raised animals and crops to sell; traveled in wagons

Polar Bear

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. have very warm fur; have padded feet; have fur that is hard to see in the snow

Race Cars

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. d
- fast cars; skilled drivers; exciting and dangerous; winner gets checkered flag

Sailors in Space

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- good thinking skills; strong bodies; the ability to work in small spaces; the ability to stay calm; courage

Susan B. Anthony

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. She died before women had the right to vote.

Volcano

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. powerful explosion; injury from lava and hot gas

What is That on Your Head?

- 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. keeps heads warm; protects heads from sunburn; makes people look good

Wolf

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. d
- they think wolves attack people; wolves howl; wolves are wild animals; wolves travel in groups

Sequenced Level 2.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Babe Ruth

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. kept him out of trouble; gave him a skill for life; made him famous; raised his self-esteem

The Brain

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- take in signals; controls breathing, blinking, heartbeat; controls feelings and thoughts; controls everything we do

Cuckoo Birds

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- play a trick on other birds; make a strange sound; lay their eggs in other birds' nests; do not take care of their babies

Davy Crockett

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. killed many bears; knew about animals and the forest; elected to Congress; died a hero at the Alamo

Earvin Johnson

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- will help a person succeed; will take a person to the top; he probably worked hard to become great

Firewalkers

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. very dangerous; feet will burn; not trained

The Gentle Shark

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. has a huge body to feed; feeds on very tiny animals; swims all the time so uses energy

The Gold Rush

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. long, hard trip; died of sickness, cold, and hunger; turned back

Sequenced Level 2.5 (continued)

Guitars

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- how to strum and pick; how to press down on strings; how to play chords and notes; how to know what strings to press and pluck

A High Instrument

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Air is blown across the mouthpiece and moves down the tube. The moving air makes the sound.

Killer Bees

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- has a very poisonous sting; swarms and chases people; leaves a stinger in victim; can kill a person with 40 to 50 stings; is mean

Komodo Dragon

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- hides in cave; has scales; uses tail to kill; has sharp teeth and claws

The Laughing Hyena

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. eat peoples' and animals' leftover food

Meat-Eating Plant

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. looks like any other plant; has leaves filled with sweet juice; has sticky juice in leaves

P. T. Barnum

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- started the first circus; could make fake things look real; could trick people; organized a museum

Pelé

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. b
- scored more points than anyone else; helped teams win championships; was on three teams that won the World Cup

Piñatas

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- fun to play with; everyone can play; passes out prizes; kids love to hit them

Scuba Diving

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. b
- to look at fish; to look at plants; to look for treasures; to study the ocean and ocean life; for fun; for work

Spitting Cobra

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. roll over and play dead; spit poison

Stingray

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. looks strange; has flat body; has long tail with stinger; has no bones; can't see food

Tasmanian Devil

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. are mean; kill bigger animals; are mean to each other; live on the island of Tasmania

UFOs

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. meteors; planets; stars; balloons; fumes

Walt Disney

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. made friends with animals; drew pictures; drew comics; made movies

Wooly Mammoth

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. are about the same size; have tusks and trunks

Sequenced Level 3.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Abraham Lincoln

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- taught himself to read; started as a lumber worker and became President; had only one year of schooling but became a lawyer and the President

Allosaurus

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. it was quick; it had great jaws; it had big teeth

Arrow-Poison Frog

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. they are brightly colored; the father carries the eggs and then the tadpoles; they are poisonous

Blue Whale

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. a motor boat; a car; a bus; a house

Brontosaurus

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- it was easy to find; it was slow and easy to catch; it was big, so it provided a lot of meat

Dodo Bird

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- dodo birds were too fat; dodo birds were too slow; they couldn't fly; they were too dumb

Electric Eel

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. both need to recharge; both can give shocks; both can stun or kill a person

Flying Dragon

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- they look like dragons; they can fly; they have sharp points; they are black with orange spots

Giant Clam

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. divers should swim with other divers; divers should bring a crowbar; divers should watch out for them

Gorilla

- 1. c 2. c 3. c 4. a
- the gorilla was stronger; the gorilla was bigger; the gorilla could get out of his cage; the woman was frightened

Great White Shark

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. shark teeth are bigger and sharper; sharks grow new teeth when a row of teeth wears away; people have many fewer teeth

Harriet Tubman

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- ran away; helped her parents escape; helped 300 people escape; was a nurse and a cook during the Civil War

Horned Toad

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. it has a head like a toad; it has horns

King Cobra

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- king cobras are poisonous; they are quick; they attack for no reason; they are big; their poison kills fast

Nile Crocodile

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- dragged crocodile to his friends; smashed crocodile; worked with other elephants to kill crocodile; threw crocodile into trees

Puffer Fish

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. poisons enemies; they blow themselves up

Sandra Day O'Connor

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- went to law school; became a lawyer and judge; worked in politics; became state senator; studied

Sea Cow

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. b
- they cry; they take care of their young; they get sunburned; they have mustaches; they have beady eyes

Sloth

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- some people move slowly; some sleep a lot; some look sleepy; some stay still when afraid

Termites

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- window sills or walls could get holes; wooden things could fall apart

Thick-Knee Bird

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- provides a place for the bird to hide; provides food for the bird; protects the bird from other animals

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Sequenced Level 3.0 (continued)

Thomas Jefferson

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. wrote the Declaration of Independence; was a Founding Father; elected President of the United States; sent Lewis and Clark to explore the West; made the Louisiana Purchase; Minister to France; Secretary of State; started University of Virginia

Trap-Door Spider

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. they live underground; their homes are hidden; they move quickly

Vampire Bat

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. during the day; when it is light; before the sun sets

Sequenced Level 3.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

America's Emperor

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- liked to spend time with people; wanted to make the world a better place; liked to go to public events

Billie Jean King

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- played tennis well; won at Wimbledon and Forest Hills many times; accepted and met the challenge from Bobby Riggs

Bruce Lee

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. as a movie star; as a kung fu master; as an actor who did his own tricks in the movies

Flowerpot or Flashlight?

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. a
- someone else would have invented the flashlight; no one would have invented the flashlight

Harry Houdini

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a
- no one could see what he was doing; more fun to watch; more fun for Houdini; mysterious as to why he risked his life

Helen Keller

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. learned to communicate even though blind and deaf; went to college; studied things that were hard for other people

Hippos

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. to stay cool; to stay still and conserve energy

Hummingbirds

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- can fly upside down and sideways; can hover; wings move too fast to see them move; legs too weak to walk; long tongue

Ice Cream Sodas

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. he didn't quit; he thought of another way to make his drinks

Is There a Bigfoot?

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- Bigfoot may not be real; bears and Bigfoot look alike; there are no pictures of what the boys saw; the boys were scared

Jim Thorpe

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. must be good at so many events; must do well in all events

Joe Louis

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. stronger than Dempsey; fastest hands; beat Braddock; fought anyone who would fight him; held the title for 12 years

The Lake That Disappeared

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. large because it had so many barges and tugboats; hole became a half a mile wide

Lost Atlantis—Found?

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- more parts of buildings; stones with writing; old stone dishes or tools; carvings on some of the buildings

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Old Faithful

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- steam and water are very hot; many gallons of water spew out; water spews out with enough force to shoot 180 feet high

Sacajawea

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- didn't know where they were going; the wilderness was rugged; didn't know the language of the Native Americans

Saint Bernards

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- find your way; carry/pull heavy things; save you

The Spruce Goose

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. made of wood; really big; flew once; flew slowly

Stevie Wonder

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- had something fun to do; had something to do even though he was blind; helped him discover music; led to music career

Three-Legged Man

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. he was happy; he knew others had bigger problems

Treasures in a Tomb

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- well hidden; fear of opening a grave; too hard to get into; no one knew it existed because he was king for such a short time

Velcro

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- backpacks; shoes; jackets; clothes; watches; hat straps; purses; to hold things down in space

Wilma Rudolph

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b
- walked after being paralyzed; ran track and played basketball after being paralyzed; won 3 gold medals; never gave up

Zebras

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5 hunters killed too many of them

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Sequenced Level 4.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Alex Haley

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- he wanted to share the story of his ancestors; he wanted to record his grandmother's knowledge/history

Angler Fish

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b
- it lies still like a rock; it dangles a lure in front of its mouth; it leads fish to its mouth; it yanks the lure away and eats the fish

Arctic Tern

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- it is so far; it takes them so long to get there; wait until their babies are big enough; wait until it will be light there

Basilisk Lizard

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. they run on their back legs; they run fast; they can run on the surface of water; they have crests on their heads; they have fringes of skin on their bodies; they are two to three feet long

Black Mamba

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- it is poisonous; it moves fast; it can lift its head almost two feet off the ground while moving; it's poison kills fast

The Black Swallower

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. too small to swallow people; lives deep in the ocean

The Cheetah

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. their long thin legs help them run fast; pads on their feet help them jump well; their claws are always out, ready to attack

Driver Ants

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. kill insects, rats, and mice; clean up dead animals

Sequenced Level 4.0 (continued)

Gila Monster

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. its bite is not as deadly as a snake's bite; it moves very slowly; it doesn't want to eat people

Grizzly Bear

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. tall; heavy; strong; get angry fast; have sharp claws

Hank Aaron

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. he had strong wrists; he had a unusual hitting style; delivering ice made him strong

Jill Kinmont

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4 h
- 5. she couldn't walk anymore; she couldn't ski anymore; she had to use a wheelchair; she became a teacher instead of a skier; it was hard for her to do things like eat and write; she had to depend on others

The Killer Whale

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. they stay near a captured whale and call to it; they travel in groups

Manta Ray

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. they can pull boats; they look scary; they make loud noises; they are big; legends about them were frightening

Octopus

- 2. b 3. a 4. b 1. a
- 5. they have heard scary stories about the octopus; the octopus looks scary; the octopus has legs with suckers that don't let go

Pickerel Frog

- 2. c 3. c 1. a 4. b
- 5. it tasted one before; it stays away because of how the frog looks or smells

The Platypus

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. is a mammal, but lays eggs; has a bill and webbed feet like a duck; has a tail like a beaver; has a poisonous spur on the back of its leg like a rooster

Portuguese Man-of-War

- 2. a 3. c 4. b 1. c
- 5. they help each other; they can survive more easily by working together

Road Runner

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. stabs it with its beak; eats it; knocks it on a rock

Stegosaurus

- 2. a 3. b 4. b 1. c
- 5. it fought with its tail; its head was low to the ground

The Tarantula

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. they can take tarantulas for a walk; they can scare their friends; tarantulas are the biggest spiders; tarantulas are furry

Thomas Edison

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a
- 5. we couldn't go to the movies; we wouldn't have light bulbs or record players; other things might not have been invented

Triceratops

- 2. a 3. b 1. a 4. c
- 5. to protect itself from other animals; to fight with other animals; to look scary to other animals

The Wrasse Fish

- 2. a 1. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. wrasse fish help parrot fish by removing parasites from their bodies and coral from their teeth; parrot fish provide wrasse fish with an easy way to get food; they help each other

Sequenced Level 4.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Amelia Earhart

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. became a pilot when it was still dangerous to fly; first woman to fly across ocean; first woman to try to fly around the world

Beethoven

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. great talent; studied music; played piano well

Beetles

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c
- keep changing to fit environment; hard shell protects beetles; hard shell traps air for beetles that live under water; hard shell keeps moisture for beetles that live in the desert

Chewing on Trees?

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. make better/stretchier gum; cheaper to make than to get from trees; few trees to get substance from; better for bubble gum

Chicago Burns

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- poorly built buildings; poor alarm system; poor equipment; ignorance about fighting fires; hot, dry weather

Diana Nyad

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. endurance; physical/mental strength; self-discipline

Eruption of Destruction

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. huge explosion; entire island blew apart; wave drowned people escaping on boats and on other islands

Flood in Johnstown

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. too much rain/snow; weak dam; not repairing dam

Fried to Perfection

1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a

5. 1 in 10 potatoes become chips; many flavors of chips

Isaac's Question

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. feet might not touch the ground; I might float; books would feel lighter; books might float away

Jane Goodall

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. by living near them; by observing them; by comparing them to humans; by writing and speaking about them

Jacques Cousteau

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- developed scuba equipment; studied life/ geology of the sea; shared information with others through shows and books

Ladybird?

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. pretty; help environment; kill aphids; some think ladybugs bring good luck

The Liberty Bell

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. to see the crack; because it is old; because it broke so many times; because it rang for important events in our history

The Loch Ness Monster

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- it does not exist; it is hard to see anything in the muddy water; the water is too cold for diving

Mother Teresa

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. c
- provided food/clothing/shelter; made people feel wanted; told others about the plight of poor people

Muhammad Ali

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. to scare fighters; thought he was great; to show off

Neil Armstrong

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. was boy scout; built model planes; learned to fly jets

Sequenced Level 4.5 (continued)

The San Francisco Earthquake

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- build stronger buildings/gas lines/water lines; have better fire protection; do not build cities where earthquakes happen

Search for the Super Small

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- he was not well educated; he was first to see tiny cells; his microscope could magnify things much more than earlier ones

Siberian Tiger

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. cold climate; snow; long winters

Sibyl Ludington

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4.c
- was brave/calm/clever; knew the roads well; could ride and shoot well; trusted by soldiers; British wouldn't notice a girl

Underground Workers

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. soil would be less rich; plants could not get air and water easily; less plant life; less food for us to eat

Will the Sun Die?

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. b
- changes slowly; too far/too bright to see clearly

Sequenced Level 5.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Anaconda

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. it is very big; it is very long; it is very heavy; it can coil around you; it might swallow you

Annie Oakley

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- by shooting dimes, cards, glass balls, rabbits, and quail; by entering contests; by working in the Sells Brothers' circus

Beatrix Potter

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- she liked animals; she thought the animals were her friends; she was good at it; she liked to keep busy

Black Widow Spider

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- stay away from them; tell someone who knows how to destroy them safely; carefully destroy the spiders and their eggs; check the area for other black widow spiders

Charles Schulz

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. he created a comic strip; he drew well; he made others laugh; he is famous for his work

Coelacanth

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- fins looked like legs; bright blue in color; never had seen one before; big and heavy; different than any fish seen before

Daniel Boone

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. many people moved to Kentucky; many people visited Kentucky; many people learned to survive in the wilderness

Emperor Penguin

- 1. c 2. c 3. c 4. a
- they are bigger; the male cares for the eggs; the male doesn't eat for several weeks; the female lays eggs and then leaves

Flying Fox

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. a
- they swoop out of the dark; they are large in size; they are noisy; they look like foxes; they have big eyes

George Washington Carver

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- college was expensive; few people could afford it; not many black people went to college then; he started out as a slave

Giant Squid

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- a sperm whale attacks the giant squid, the squid swims backwards and shoots out ink, the giant squid cannot get away

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Hammerhead Shark

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. it might hunt better because it can see/smell a wider area; it might use its head to steer; it might scare other fish away

Hellbender

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. it is slimy; it is ugly; it bites hard

Martin Luther King

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- black people got the right to ride in the front of buses; many more black people registered to vote; black students could go to schools they couldn't go to before

Narwhal

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. lives in water; looks like a fish; is real; has no legs

Okapi

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. there are very few in the world; they are shy; they are hard to find; they live in the deepest part of the jungle

Piranha Fish

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- they are fast swimmers; they swim in schools; they eat humans; they get very hungry; they have razor-sharp teeth

Porcupine Fish

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b
- dangerous-looking sight; the warrior looks strong for capturing such a dangerous fish; spears cannot go through the skin

Pteranodon

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. too slow; weak back legs; poor sense of smell; small; had no teeth; ate fish

Python

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b
- 5. the antlers would tear its stomach; it would get a stomachache; the deer would be too big for the python to swallow

Satin Bower Bird

1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c

 colorful objects in front of twigs shaped like a teepee; twigs covered with blue coloring; tidy area in front of nest

Sawfish

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. for religious reasons; because the saws look nice; to prove they are great hunters

Scorpion

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- check shoes, under beds, in closets, and in other dark places; stay away from the tail of the scorpion; wear protective clothing

Tyrannosaurus

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. always hungry; powerful jaws; sharp teeth; eats flesh

Sequenced Level 5.6

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The American Alligator

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. food is near the water; water helps control their body temperature; hide easily and move quickly in water
- 6. die from lack of food, starve; mild or warm, temperate; short amount of time, snap; holes of the nose, nostrils; oily animal tissue, fat; careful or picky, fussy
- 7. reptiles, concern, temperate, submerge, starve
- 8. 50
- submerge in water when hot; lay in the sun when cool; submerge in water when too cold outside; only eat when temperature is between 77 and 95 degrees

Andy Payne and the Race from Coast to Coast

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. endurance; fortitude; good sport; friendly; helpful; generous
- determined, decided; steep, a sharp slope; hero, an admired person; encourage, cheer on; loan, money owed; prepare, to get ready
- 7. endurance, determined, hero, marathon

Sequenced Level 5.6 (continued)

Andy Payne and the Race from Coast to Coast (continued)

- he won the coast to coast race; he didn't quit; he worked hard
- 9. it was 3000 miles; it was too hot, windy, and hilly; it took 87 days to complete; many people quit; it went through 13 states

Apollo 13

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- the mission failed in that it did not reach its goal of landing men on the moon, but it also succeeded because despite many problems, the Apollo team did make it home safely
- failure, success; flawless, defective; memorable, unimportant; docked, separated
- blast sent ship spinning, regained control of the ship; lack of oxygen, men moved to the lunar lander; not enough fuel, used the gravity of the moon to help push them back to Earth; not enough weight, moved objects to command ship
- 8. to increase the pull of gravity
- 9. regained control of the ship; used the pull of the moon's gravity to push them back to Earth; had to adjust the flight path often; moved objects to help make up for the weight of missing moon rocks; moved out of the command ship to save oxygen and power

Automotive Perfection—The Story of the Rolls-Royce

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. was an engineer; was good with mechanical things; knew how to make tools; was a hard worker; was a perfectionist; had a good attitude; wanted a more reliable car
- 6. engineer, apprenticeship, perfection,
- 7. advised, reliable, perfection, company, impressed, partners, excellence
- 8. both liked cars; both cared about quality; both owned their own companies
- 9. Royce's attitude played a part in his building a successful car.

Berlin Wall

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. happy to move freely from one country to another; happy to see their friends and relatives; did not fear being shot; communist rule had ended
- tremendous, enormous; prevent, stop; patrolled, watched; participated, joined
- 7. communist, democratic, citizens, risked,
- symbol of the end of communist rule; people could pass freely from East Germany to West Germany; democracy came to East Germany
- 9. climbed walls; risked their lives; risked being shot or arrested; protested

Billy Mills

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. not picked to win; not given free shoes; not interviewed by reporters
- discourage, encourage; competing, cooperating; victory, loss; joined, left; against, with
- 1. Billy did not make the Olympic track team.
 2. Billy tried for the Olympic team and made it.
 3. Billy Mills fell during the Olympic race.
 4. Billy Mills retook the lead in the race.
 5. Billy Mills won the Olympic race in record time.
- did not qualify for the Olympics the first time he tried; was considered an underdog; fell down during the race
- 9. tried out for the Olympic team a second time (after not making it the first time); got up after he fell down during the race; did not let the fact that he was considered an underdog and not given recognition bother him

The Birth of Television

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- too expensive; broadcasting not available everywhere; war slowed development; not much to watch
- 6. new or unusual item, novelty; to put in operation, launch; choice, option; a period of ten years, decade; widely used, common; largest, major
- 7. introduced, displayed, novelty, expensive, common

- 8. World War II caused people to lose interest in them; factories quit making them to make weapons for World War II
- in late 1800s, the idea of transmitting pictures was seen as possible; in 1920s, inventions made electronic television possible; in 1939, NBC and RCA introduced television to the public; in 1948, 15 states had television

The Earth's Moon

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. b
- smaller; little or no atmosphere; no wind; no rain; less gravity; no people; orbits the earth; cannot support life
- round moon, full; not visible, new; journeys around the sun, orbits; slice, sliver; stay, remain
- 7. new, full,
- 8. little water; little atmosphere; little gravity
- people have made up stories about the moon; people have dreamt of going to the moon; people have worked hard to land on the moon; people made calendars based on the moon

The First Computer

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b
- solved problems quickly; stored data; could multiply and add
- 6. retired, working; massive, small; modern, old; problem, solution
- 7. 200; 16 million
- 8. new computers were more powerful, so they did not need ENIAC anymore
- 9. Modern computers are vastly superior to ENIAC.

The Frisbee

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. many different games; fun to throw and catch; can play with a dog
- contests, competitions; well-liked, popular; created, invented; systems, routines; looked at, noticed
- The Frisbie Bakery made pies in tins stamped "Frisbie." 2. Students played with the Frisbie pie plate. 3. Morrison went to Yale to promote the Wham-O disk.
 Morrison saw Yale students playing with

Frisbie pie tins. 5. Morrison changed the name of his plastic disk to Frisbee. 6. People everywhere play Frisbee games and do routines.

- 8. Wham-O disks were plastic, flat, purchased from a toy store, and meant to be toys; the pans were tin, had angled sides, were purchased in a bakery, and were meant to be pie tins
- 9. millions of people play with them; there are 16 different kinds; people have created many games and routines for frisbees; there are frisbee competitions all over the world

Hammurabi's Laws

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- cities, countries, and states did not exist; people lived in small groups; laws did not exist; people lived farther apart
- settle, work out; ruins, remains; debt, owed money; abuse, mistreatment; harsh, cruel; justice, fair treatment
- 7. justice, thousands, archaeologists, carved, code (laws), harsh
- to help people settle disputes without harming each other; having one set of rules for everyone to follow would reduce the disputes between people
- people who kill can be killed in some states; people must pay for damage they do to the property of others; people must pay their debts; people cannot abuse women

Henry Ford

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- used assembly lines; conveyor belts brought parts to workers; a car was built by many people; raised pay of workers; shortened work day and work week
- 6. the steps in an operation, stages; have enough money for, afford; common or ordinary, average; self-acting machine, automated; metal pins or rods,bolts
- 7. assembly line, mass produced, build, afford,
- workers did the same job over and over again; worked less time each day; worked less days each week; made more money

Sequenced Level 5.6 (continued)

Henry Ford (continued)

 led the way in changing manufacturing; changed working conditions for workers (more pay, shorter week, shorter day, assembly line); made it possible for average person to own a car

The Hindenburg

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. political trouble between Germany and America; use of hydrogen instead of helium
- rigid, stiff or inflexible; massive, huge; precautions, safeguard; risk, danger; observation, sight-seeing; flammable, burns easily
- 7. Germany, hydrogen, hydrogen, helium, America, America
- 8. quite a sight to see; picking up friends and relatives; still new form of travel; uncommon way of travel
- 9. lined gasbags with gel to reduce risk of leaks; frequently checked gasbags for leaks; crew wore spark resistant boots and padded the catwalks to prevent a spark; did not allow smoking except in special room; did not allow matches and lighters

Jack Thayer—Titanic Survivor!

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. freezing cold; dark; not enough lifeboats; couldn't find lifejackets; panic
- capsized, overturned; surface, top; rescue, save; survive, outlive; tragedy, misfortune; vessel, ship
- The family went on the deck to get into lifeboats.
 Jack and his family got separated.
 Jack jumped into the water.
 A man pulled Jack into the lifeboat.
 - 5. A rescue boat found the lifeboat.
 - 6. Jack found his mother on the rescue boat.
- 8. to flee the sinking ship
- went to the deck when he felt the bump; got warmer clothes; put on a lifejacket; jumped off the boat; reached out his hand to a man on a lifeboat; rode on the lifeboat until rescued

Marie Curie

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- discovered radioactivity in radium and polonium; worked on many uses of radioactivity; didn't patent her work so others could use it
- 6. partnership, award, contributions, radiation,
- 7. elements, radioactivity, patent, contributions
- 8. medical uses
- discovered radium and polonium; discovered radioactivity in radium and polonium; removed radium from another substance; worked on medical uses for radioactivity

Meteorite

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. large meteorites are very rare; would probably fall in the ocean; scientists may be able to alter the course
- 6. invaded, protected; rare, common; threaten, saves; truck, missed; entire, none
- 7. invaded, notices, impact, crater, rare
- 8. to know about a large meteorite in time to alter its course away from the earth
- 9. Scientists have learned a great deal about meteorites.

More Than a Traditional Meal

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. grows all over the world; tastes good; has many uses
- 6. kernels, the part of the corn people eat; tassel, the flowering part of the corn plant; corn silk, the sticky threads hanging out of the husk; husk, the protective covering of the ear of corn; harvest, the gathering of a crop
- 7. 1. Each kernel sends up a delicate silk thread.
 - 2. The wind picks up pollen from the tassels.
 - 3. The wind drops pollen on the cornstalks.
 - 4. The pollen sticks to the silk thread.
 - 5. Kernels became fertile seeds.
- 8. the pollen sticks to the cornstalk to fertilize the kernels
- 9. Corn is an important crop.

Mount Vesuvius Erupts

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. b
- poisonous gases and hot, fast-moving lava was more dangerous than ash and pumice raining down

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- diggings, excavations; very old, ancient; explode, erupt; stayed alive, survived; very harmful, disasterous
- 7. eruption, ancient, pumice, lava
- did not understand what was about to happen; could not outrun the lava moving at 70 miles per hour; could not escape the poisonous gas
- 9. ash and pumice can bury people; lava can burn and bury people; poisonous gases can kill people

Northern Lights

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. a
- lights might disappear; lights may be different colors; light may occur more or less often; lights may move more or less quickly
- 6. particles, pieces; flicker, flutter or shimmer; gases, air; limited, incomplete; magnet, thing that attracts
- The sun sends particles into space.
 The particles arrive in the atmosphere.
 The particles hit gases.
 The gases glow.
- 8. the particles that cause the gasses to glow are moving
- 9. People used to tell stories to try to explain the northern lights.

Roger Bannister and the Four-Minute Mile

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. set a goal; trained hard; imagined himself succeeding
- convinced, felt sure; succeeding, reaching a goal; imagined, pictured; endurance, ability to stick with something
- 7. Gunder Haegg, 4 minutes and 1.4 seconds
- 8. a psychological test because many others broke the barrier once they saw it could be done
- 9. People thought no one could break the record, and no one did for a long time. Then Roger Bannister thought he could break the record, and he did. Once people saw that breaking the record was possible, many people did it.

Star-Spangled Banner

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. stand; sing; remove hat; hold hat/hand on heart

- 6. musical tones or melody, tune; printed for others to read, published; person who is not free, prisoner; person who works with the law, lawyer; the floor of a ship, deck
- Key and Beanes watched the attack on Fort McHenry. 2. The American flag was still flying after the battle. 3. Key wrote a poem on an envelope. 4. People started to sing the poem. 5. "Star-Spangled Banner" became our national anthem.
- 8. because the flag is decorated with stars
- 9. was written as a poem; was written after a battle with the British; sung to a British tune; became national anthem 117 years after it was written; not written to be the national anthem

Stonehenge

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. a
- no machines; no wheels; rocks came from far away; many groups of people kept adding to it
- 6. pits, holes; ditch, trench; temple, church; worshiped, prayed; legendary, mythical
- 7. pillars, pits, rings, temple, calendar, eclipses
- took a long time to build; was a place to worship
- 9. Stonehenge is a mystery.

The Sweet Beet

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. source of half the sugar in the U.S.; can grow in cold and warm climates; produces many by-products, such as medicine and shoe polish; entire plant is useful; leaves feed livestock; leaves enrich soil; provides work for many people
- 6. discovered, figured out; thrive, grow; produced, made; livestock, animals
- 7. 1. Small seeds are planted in the ground.
 - 2. Leaves, stems and roots grow and thrive.
 - 3. A rotobeater cuts the leaves off the plants.
 - 4. The roots are extracted from the ground.
 - 5. The sugar beets are taken to a factory.
 - 6. Sugar beets are processed into products.
- 8. b
- 9. The entire sugar beet plant is useful.

Sequenced Level 5.6 (continued)

Young Teddy Roosevelt

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. because he knew he would have to work hard to do the things he loved to do, he began an exercise program (lifted weights and did gymnastics) to get stronger and he did a lot of reading to improve his mind
- 6. strengthen, weaken; constant, occasional; vibrant, inactive; health, illness
- 1. Teddy starts to have trouble with asthma.
 2. Theodore Roosevelt begins an exercise program to build his strength.
 3. Roosevelt is elected President of the United States.
 4. Roosevelt's face is carved into Mount Rushmore.
- 8. president
- 9. became president of the U.S.; worked hard to build up his sick body; did not let his illness keep him from exploring the world; became a vibrant adult even he was though a sickly child; read when he was too sick to be out of bed

Sequenced Level 6.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The Aardvark

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. live in holes; move about at night; listen with ears; stand without moving
- constructed, destroyed; unique, ordinary; abruptly, slowly; exposed, hidden; narrow, wide
- claws, make openings in termite mound walls; saliva, keeps termites on the tongue of the ardvark; tongue, licks up the termites; snout, sucks termites out of the mound
- 8. lives in an underground burrow and has a snout like a pig
- 9. uses the saliva on its tongue to lick up termites; uses its snout to suck up termites

An Ancient Calculator

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- looked like a clock; had gears; had dials; had a pointer that moved at different speeds around the dials; calculator shows movement of things, and clock shows movement of time
- 6. mind, intelligence; complex, complicated; safe, secure; soothed, lulled
- 7. capsized, centuries, cargo, complicated
- it had been under the water for 2,000 years; it was small; the divers were looking for sponges
- 9. people were interested in the ancient calculator; people figured out what the calculator measured; people continue to look for explanations of the source of the calculator

The Armadillo

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. can be used in research; have low body heat; live long; eat insects and small reptiles
- 6. mixture, blend; snout, nose; strange, odd; valuable, important; hide, skin
- 7. strange, mixture, snout, armor, threatened
- long legs and claws for digging; armor-like skin; flexible hide to roll into a ball; good teeth for chewing
- looks like a mixture of many different animals; can roll up into a tight ball for protection; has very low body heat; teeth never stop growing and can grow too long; has tough, armor-like skin

Big Bird of Texas

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- no one has seen it; it doesn't exist; people are afraid to say they have seen it
- 6. various, many; rare, uncommon; stern, strict; commotion, confusion; area, region
- 7. remote, extinct, area, commotion,
- 8. the bird was gliding; people could describe its eyes, the size of its bill, and its wingspan
- the teacher looked in books for pictures of Big Bird; officials kept reports of sightings of Big Bird; hunters came to shoot Big Bird; reports of sightings poured into the Wildlife Department

The Brown Recluse Spider

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. b
- shake out clothes before putting them on; look carefully on furniture before sitting down; watch for brown spiders with a black violin design on their backs; stay out of Missouri
- 6. creepy, scary; threatened, unsafe; unfortunate, unlucky; inject, force in; slurp, drink
- 7. control, compete, available, threatened, fatal, design
- 8. b
- 9. brown recluse spiders are dangerous and shy

The Disappearing Ship

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- didn't think another crew would disappear; wanted money for mahogany; wanted to save the ship; loved adventure
- 6. baffling, confusing; navigate, steer; deserted, abandoned; vessel, ship; faint, weak
- 7. deserted, cargo, salvage, port, profits,
- 8. the first crew disappeared; there have been many unexplained disappearances of ships and airplanes in this part of the world
- 9. sails on oceans; sent men to the prize ship even though it was mysterious; sent a second crew after the first crew disappeared; turned his ship around to look for the prize ship after it disappeared

The Dolphin

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. are intelligent; give rides; push rafts; entertain people; drive fish into nets
- survivors, victims; bored, interested; complexity, simplicity; rescued, harmed; ancient, modern; desperate, calm
- 7. desperate, raft, survivors, ancient, intelligent
- 8. throughout history there have been many examples of dolphins helping others at sea
- dolphins communicate; they save people; they get bored; they drive fish into nets; they understand when people are in trouble

The Duckbill Dinosaur

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- had a beak; had webbed feet; ate plants; lived mainly in water; moved to deep water to get away from predators

- expose, uncover; shriveled, dried up; evidence, facts; natural, normal; preserved, saved
- The dinosaur died.
 Sun dried and shriveled the body.
 Water with sand and clay covered the body.
 A mold hardened around the body.
- they had evidence of what dinosaur skin looked like because of an imprint of the skin that was preserved—it looked like a golf ball
- 9. scientists learned a great deal about the duckbill dinosaur from the fossil skeletons and the mummy

Flathead Lake Monster

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- never been caught; seldom seen; lives in a deep lake; appears suddenly; disappears quickly; nothing like it known to man
- wake, wave; inched, moved slowly; emerged, rose up; incident, event or happening; inky, clouded, dark
- 7. incident, emerged, pier, pilings, inched, wake
- 8. b
- 9. Mrs. Ziglar screamed when the creature emerged from the water; Mr. Ziglar ran to get his rifle when he realized something was at the end of the pier; the creature swam away quickly when Mrs. Ziglar inched closer

A Ghost Ship

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. escaped from danger/pirates/storm in lifeboats, but the lifeboats sank; escaped from danger/pirates/storm in lifeboats, landed safely somewhere and kept their escape a secret; taken by pirates who stole the lifeboats
- 6. not deep, shallow; eaten quickly, devoured; choppy, rough; right away, immediately; left behind, abandoned; disappeared, vanished
- 7. rough, shallow, aground, aboard, abandoned, vanished
- 8. because there were a number of unanswered questions; because no one knows what happened

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Sequenced Level 6.0 (continued)

A Ghost Ship (continued)

9. What happened to the crew of the Carroll A. Deering?; What happened to the lifeboats of the Carroll A. Deering?; Why did the crew leave quickly?; Why has no trace of the crew ever been found?; Why did the ship go aground?; Why did the crew leave so quickly (food still on stove)?

Humpback Whale

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- swim; leap; splash; do somersaults in the water; play; hug; pat and rub each other; may communicate with each other
- 6. ancient, modern; coarse, smooth; scarce, plentiful; destruction, construction; lured, repelled; sensitive, uncaring
- leaps up, splashes down on its back or side, making a great noise, swims upside down, or turns somersault under water; soap, paint, shoe polish and cosmetics
- because they are slow swimmers that swim close to the shore; they are easy to catch; they have been hunted for many years
- have humps; no two look alike; have rows of bumps on their backs; can play; may communicate; hug and pat one another; have longest flippers

The Iguanodon

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. c
- they lived before people; they were prehistoric; people never saw them; we have only small fossils to help us; some parts have never been found
- 6. realize, understand; identify, classify; construct, build; task, job
- 7. fossils, dinosaurs, iguana tooth
- scientists had only a few bones and fossils to go by
- 9. scientists thought iguanodon had a horn at the end of its nose, but now they think the horn was a spike like a thumb; scientists thought iguanodon's legs were all the same size, but now they think iguanodon had powerful back legs and short front legs

The Kiwi

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. they are rare; they are shy and hide from people; they are nocturnal
- powerful, weak; seldom, often; peculiar, ordinary; flexible, stiff; remain, leave; useless, helpful
- 7. wings, male, male
- 8. build a nest; lay eggs; eat worms and insects
- 9. cannot fly; have no feathers; have no tails; have nostrils at the ends of their bills; males build nests and care for their young

The Lost Dutchman Mine

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. the German did not give the widow a map; the trail was too hard to draw; he was afraid others would find the map
- rugged, rough; gleaming, sparkling; immense, tremendous; elusive, hard to find; fondest, favorite
- Two German men found a gold mine.
 One of the men disappeared.
 One of the men told a widow about the mine.
 A widow and her son, Reiny, looked for the mine.
 The widow quit looking for the mine.
 Reiny died without finding the mine.
- 8. he spent his life hunting for the mine but never found it
- 9. two Germans lived in the wilderness to mine for gold; many people followed the Germans looking for gold; Reiny spent his entire life hunting for gold; Reiny's mother spent all her money hunting for gold; many people still hunt for the mine in the Superstitions Mountains

The Mongoose

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- mongoose is faster; mongoose has thick fur; mongoose jumps well; mongoose has strong teeth; cobra is slower; cobra has limited strike range
- 6. agile, quick; rapid, fast; thrash, shake; amazing, surprising; destroy, ruin

- 7. 1. The mongoose approaches the cobra.
 - 2. The mongoose leaps back and forth.
 - 3. The cobra lifts the front third of its body.
 - 4. The cobra strikes at the mongoose.
 - 5. The mongoose grabs the cobra by the neck. 6. The cobra dies.
- 8. when they got the rats under control, they started to kill farm animals
- 9. the mongoose was brought to Jamaica to solve a problem with rats, but then the mongoose started to kill farm animals and that became a problem

The Monster in Lake Champlain

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. it does not exist; it appears suddenly; it disappears quickly; it is one of a kind
- 6. disturbance, movement; legendary, mythical; convinced, believed; astonished, surprised; numerous, many
- 7. official, numerous, thrust, slithered, convinced
- 8. a
- 9. campers reported seeing the monster in 1965; Samuel de Champlain reported a sighting in 1609; a county sheriff and the school principal reported seeing the monster in the 1800s; crowds of people saw the monster at the bridge opening ceremony in 1945

The Polar Bear

- 4. b 1. c 2. a 3. b
- 5. white fur for camouflage; hairs between toes keep paws from sticking to or slipping on the ice; hollow hairs hold heat close to body; good hunter
- 6. devices, machines; transparent, clear; frigid, freezing; hollow, empty; bristle, hair; muffle, soften
- 7. bristles, swim faster; gray tongue, conceal its nose; hollow fur, keeps in warmth; powerful bite, kills its prey; white fur, conceal its body
- 8. shiny black nose and eyes would give it away
- 9. larger than most bears; very powerful bite; it can bite through skulls and backbones with ease; bristles between toes muffle the sound when they stalk prey; can swim fast

The Puff Adder

- 2. a 1. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. harmless; no fangs; no poison; cannot constrict; puts on a good show
- 6. typical, rare; harmless, dangerous; continued, stopped; flattened, puffed
- 7. cobra, hog-nosed snake, python,
- 8. she knew it was harmless and wanted to see it perform
- 9. the puff adder is a great actor/pretender

Raining Cats and Dogs

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. small animals; animals live in or near water; all reports are before 1950; only one kind of animal falls at a time: most mention rain or hail falling at the same time
- 6. eyewitness, onlooker, observer; shelter, safety, protection; uproar, turmoil, disturbance; severe, hard, extreme; omen, sign, indication
- 7. 1877 in Tennessee, snakes; 1939 in England, frogs; 1947 in Louisiana, fish
- 8. he spends money as fast as he gets it
- 9. Mr. Ettles got caught in a rain of frogs in 1939: fish rained down in Marksville. Louisiana in 1947: snakes rained down in Memphis, Tennessee in 1877; a turtle fell from the sky during a hailstorm

The Sea Lamprey

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. could have not dug canals; could have found ways to lure them out; could have destroyed the eggs of the sea lampreys
- 6. preying, feeding on victims; canals, man-built waterways; thrash, to move wildly
- 7. 1. The female lamprey spawns in fresh water.
 - 2. The lamprey hatches from an egg.
 - 3. The young lamprey lives in mud for years.
 - 4. The adult lamprey swims to the ocean.
 - 5. It swims to where it was spawned.
- 8. the sea lamprey lives off or preys on other fish
- 9. the mouth of the sea lamprey is made to kill its prey

Sequenced Level 6.0 (continued)

The Skink

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. it falls off; it grows back; it wiggles after it falls off; it is full of fat; it is eaten by its owner
- frantically, calmly; fascinated, bored; discard, keep; constantly, occasionally; frustrated, satisfied; rapid, slow
- The skink's tail wriggles wildly.
 The enemy tries to get the tail.
 The tail escapes under some leaves.
 The enemy goes elsewhere for food.
 The skink eats its tail.
- 8. it must distract its enemies by moving and then discarding its tail
- 9. hides; burrows; stays alert; drops its tail; tail wiggles

The Stingray

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- watch carefully while wading; wear thick tennis shoes; stay out of shallow water; carry a stick to prod any stingrays
- 6. broad, wide; gash, wound; collapsed, fell down; sharp, alert; distant, far-removed
- 7. 1. The stingray burrows into the sand in shallow water and becomes invisible.
 - 2. A wader accidentally steps on the stingray.
 - 3. The stingray quickly flips its tail.
 - 4. The stinger breaks off in the wound.
- 8. they can accidentally step on a stingray and get stung
- 9. stingrays are shy

The Stonefish

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. has poisonous spines; lies still in the water; is ugly; has good camouflage
- ugly, pretty; tough, soft; sharp, dull; forward, backward; raise, lower; shallow, deep
- 7. shallow, agonizing, frothing, sharp, injected
- 8. a
- 9. the stonefish is dangerous and potentially deadly

The World's Biggest Explosion

1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a

- 5. dust, rocks and pieces of things thrown into the air after the explosion may have blocked the sun; his eyes may have been damaged by the bright light; it may have seemed dark compared to the bright explosion
- surface, the area on top; mystery, not able to be explained; splintered, broke into small pieces
- 7. Siberia, witnesses, theories, mystery
- 8. remaining gases from the comet; a huge fire from the comet; the earth's spinning slowed
- was an atomic explosion; was caused by a black hole; was caused by a comet or meteor; was caused by creatures from another planet

Sequenced Level 7.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The Black Hills

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. they have so much natural beauty; they represent deep roots; answers will vary
- 6. full of plants, lush; way of life, culture; sources; foundations, roots; continues to have, maintains; in vain, fruitlessly; staying; enduring, lasting
- Mount Rushmore and the Crazy Horse memorial
 - Wild Bill Hickock and Calamity Jane
- the Native Americans had been there for centuries and didn't want others to take over and claim the land
- 9. they are 6,000 miles of lakes, forests, waterfalls, caves, and wildlife; they have been problematic in United States history; positive events characterize them; home to violent conflicts, famous landmarks, famous Wild West figures, a gold rush

The Brooklyn Bridge

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. commuters benefited from the bridge; the bridge had a brilliant design; it was a long and hazardous construction, so people were grateful it was over

- ominous, forbidding; magnitude, enormity; paralleled, equaled; posed, presented; concentrated, clustered; relatively, somewhat
- Plans for the bridge were drawn up.
 John died of tetanus.
 Ground broke for construction to begin.
 Washington was confined to his bed.
 Emily dictated instructions to the crew.
 People paid a penny to cross the bridge.
- it was to be the world's longest suspension bridge and the first to use steel cables; its construction was the first to rely on caissons
- John died before ground even broke; Washington and many others fell ill with the bends; Washington was confined to his bed; Emily had to take over; the construction lasted fourteen years

Chernobyl

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. more people died later due to the delayed effects of the radiation released in the accident
- in the beginning, initially; causing argument, controversial; happening after expected, delayed; not good enough, unsuitable; became small in number, dwindled
- a. weakened immune system; cancers; miscarriages; stillbirths; birth defects; altered genes

b. contaminated water; contaminated soil

- relocation efforts didn't begin immediately; people weren't warned to remain indoors; iodine pills weren't distributed soon enough
- 9. caused 31 deaths initially and more deaths later; health problems increased after the accident; environmental problems; economic problems; psychological consequences

China's Ancient Buried Army

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. large number of statues; high quality of sculptures; great amount of raw material to find, move, and use
- 6. warring, peaceful; original, copy; emperor, servant; toil, relaxation; unified, separated
- 7. a. 700,000
 - b. outside the city of Xian c. life-size

- used to be colorful, now they are shadowy gray; they've been ravaged by time and weather
- 9. size of the find; age of the find; quality of the find; condition of the find

Earthquakes

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. powerful as a nuclear bomb; unpredictable; can hit big cities
- registered, recorded; underneath, below; occur, happen; core, center; vibration, shaking
- 7. huge plates move and shift along faults
 - along the coastline
 - an instrument to measure the strength and location of an earthquake
- to try to prevent people from getting injured and killed; to give people time to seek safety; to protect property
- 9. Earthquakes are unpredictable.

Easter Island's Statues

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. size of the statues; people did not have machinery or modern tools
- 6. remote, sparse, colossal, persist,
- 7. early Polynesiansstone tools
- 8. it would weigh less; it would have carved parts to hold on to
- 9. Many questions still surround the statues of Easter Island.

Egypt's Great Pyramids

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. are smaller; do not have food, gold, treasures, weapons, or games
- protect, harm; priceless, cheap; mountains, valleys; immense; small; raised, lowered; converge, separate

Sequenced Level 7.0 (continued)

Egypt's Great Pyramids (continued)

- The Egyptians cut rock with chisels from quarries.
 They dragged and pushed rocks up ramps.
 They raised and lengthened ramps at each new level.
 They mummified Pharaoh's body.
 They hid the body in the tomb.
 They sealed the tomb forever.
- 8. they would use machines
- 9. had complex architecture; had beautiful art; were enormous; built without machines

The Eiffel Tower

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. c
- expert at bridges; expert at tower design; safety conscious; artistic and creative; helped design the Statue of Liberty
- bolted, riveted; segment, section; love, affection; take apart, dismantle; dangerous, hazardous; distinguished, eminent
- 7. too dangerous to build; ugly; might attract lightning
- 8. no one died during the construction; people now think it is beautiful
- 9. People consider the Eiffel Tower an important landmark in France.

The Golden Gate Bridge

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. beauty; length; suspension; foundation
- foundation, base; encountered, met; spectacular, magnificent; tragically, sadly; scaffold, platform; cables, ropes
- 7. two
 - giant cables hanging from towers
 - nearly two miles
 - San Francisco Bay
- 8. height; weather; water
- 9. Building the Golden Gate Bridge was a difficult and dangerous job.

The Golden Temple

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. it is indestructible in that they always rebuild it after it gets destroyed

- nestled, in a sheltered place; shrine, holy place; logic, good sense; recite, say aloud; envisioned, dreamed or thought
- 7.
 Amritsar, India
 - 1577
 - "Temple of God"
- having a temple that rises above all other structures would show that it is of utmost importance and holds a high place in people's lives
- 9. it has a shiny gold-foil exterior; it attracts admirers from all over the world; people are enchanted by how it glimmers and its reflection; people gather to soak in its serene beauty

The Great Wall of China

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. to see the longest man-made structure
- approached, departed; thwart, allow; gigantic, small; barbarians, civilized; invaders, guests; mobile, still
- 7. over 2,200 years ago
 - by hand, not machine
 - trade centers, points of contact
- unified it; protected it; helped it become a trade center; promoted national pride; increased tourism
- 9. built by hand labor; endured for centuries; longest man-made structure; very tall and thick

Hurricanes

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. watches for potential hurricane elements; warns people when a hurricane develops; tracks the direction of a hurricane
- 6. counterclockwise, the opposite way the hands of a clock move; embedded, set firmly inside of something; diameter, the distance across a circle through its center; torrential, fast and heavy stream of water; spawn, start or give birth to something
- 7. six to 60 miles
 - 180 miles per hour
 - friction from land

- stay tuned to weather stations; move away from area; nail down or take things that could be blown away; board up windows; store food and water
- gale force winds; waves and tides cause coastal damage and death; homes destroyed; torrential rains

King Henry VIII

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. b
- he discarded his wives quickly and impulsively; he beheaded two of them; he divorced one simply because he found her ugly
- 6. regime, command; provoking, initiating; radical, extreme; infatuation, crush; milestone, occasion; mutual, common
- 7. Catherine of Aragon, Anne Boleyn, Anne of Cleves, and Katherine Howard
- broke ties with Catholicism and became head of the Church of England; this step made him head of religious matters in addition to the political matters which he already controlled as king
- 9. he had six wives; changed wives quickly; made one of the biggest changes England has ever seen; changed the social structure

The Leaning Tower of Pisa

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. a
- built on soil that was too soft; tower leaned and builders couldn't figure out how to make it straight; it was cemented in its tilted position
- anticipated, predicted, infancy, beginnings; compress, compact; perpendicular, vertical; cementing, fixing; precarious, unsteady
- 7. 🛋 third

■ an "object of curiosity"

- the tilt is its claim to fame; people love it because it leans; it wouldn't be as famous or interesting if it didn't lean
- not supposed to lean; it's a wonder it hasn't fallen over; building lasted over 200 years; even though engineers now know how to make it straight, they still want it to lean

Machu Picchu

1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c

- fear of conquistadors; fear of being found; safety; fewer servants; difficult to get supplies after the Spanish came
- 6. steep, conquest, camouflaged, repel
- 7. If the royal family and their servantsthe Spanish
- 8. a place to be away; beautiful; safe; hidden
 difficult to build; difficult to reach
- 9. The Incas were an advanced society.

The Mexican Pyramids

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. steps show how they prized the quetzal and the serpent; temples on top show how and where they worshiped and celebrated
- set apart, distinguish; in the spring, vernal; relating to sound, acoustic; sun crosses equator, equinox; in the fall, autumnal; amazing occurence, phenomenon
- echo sounds like quetzal; serpent appears to slither down on equinoxes
 - ancient Maya, Toltec, and Aztec people
- they prized the quetzal; it was a sacred symbol; its chirping was probably a special sound to them
- sculptures and decorations on their surfaces; steps ascending sides; beautiful temples on top; architectural curiosities on steps; places of ceremony and worship; show the values of ancient Mexican culture

Mount Rushmore

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- lack of funds; bad weather; difficult task of sculpting on high mountain; death of Borglum
- 6. changing, altering; recognition, tribute; sculpted, carved; main, principal
- 7. Washington, founding; Jefferson, philosophy; Lincoln, unity; Roosevelt, expansion
- 8. Lincoln, Jefferson, Roosevelt
- American presidents; American ideals symbolically represented; American location; American sculptor

Radiation

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b
- 5. use it sparingly if possible; recognize that it's powerful; use it wisely and carefully

Sequenced Level 7.0 (continued)

Radiation (continued)

- organisms, creatures; detect, notice; excess, surplus; vicinity, region; potential, capability; sterilize, purify
- 7. It can detect medical and dental problems; it can kill cancer cells; it makes our lives easier; it is essential to health
 - large doses can be fatal; it can cause genes to mutate; it can lead to cancer
- 8. fatalities; mutating genes; cancer
- 9. too much can be harmful; large doses can be fatal; it can cause cancer and health problems; it offers medical and dental benefits; it can kill cancer cells; it makes our lives easier

The Roman Colosseum

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. old; used as a quarry; earthquakes; weather damage
- modern, old; entrances, exits; erect, destroy; savage, civilized; banned, allowed; fragile, strong
- need the stones for new buildings; it was close, so easy to get stones for new buildings
 - because the Colosseum is in fragile condition
 - **50,000**
- 8. oval shaped; multipurpose; easy access; held many people
- 9. The Colosseum has had many uses throughout history.

Statue of Liberty

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. symbolizes liberty on the seven continents and seven seas of the planet
- colossal, huge; immigrants, newcomers; interior, inside; enlightening, teaching; pedestal, foundation
- 7. Gustave Eiffel
 - Frederic Bartholdi
 - copper; wood; plaster; steel; wrought iron; concrete

- to celebrate the bicentennial; to show pride in America; because they are grateful to be in America
- seven points of crown stand for seven seas and seven continents; broken chain at feet stands for broken bonds of tyranny; starshaped base is symbolic of flag; tablet symbolizes American independence

The Taj Mahal

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. death of his wife; overthrowing of his kingdom; betrayal of his son; time in prison
- surround, encircle; ornamental, decorative; mausoleum, tomb; chambers, rooms; replica, copy; grief-stricken, sorrowful
- 7. 🔳 India
 - unknown man from Turkey
 - as a tomb and memorial for the Empress
- 8. took so long to build; 20,000 workers; expensive materials; huge size
- 9. symmetrical exterior; architecturally unique; ornate interior; jewels; marble; alabaster screens; gardens; ornamental pools

The Tangshan Earthquake

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. maybe they felt the ground trembling; somehow sensed the earthquake and wanted to hide
- debris, wreckage; infinitely, endlessly; industrial, manufactured; endured, survived; mercilessly, brutally, deafening, noisy
- 7. between 7.8 and 8.2 ■ over 240,000
- made buildings and infrastructures earthquake-resistant and ready for such an event
- 9. nearly every building crumbled; entire city collapsed; the quake killed many people immediately; claimed 240,000 lives; deadliest earthquake of the twentieth century

Tornadoes

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. failure to take warnings seriously; tornadoes are unpredictable

- 6. funnel-shaped, form of a tube that is narrow at the bottom and wide at the top; spiraling, rapidly rotating; compose, make up; lifted, raised upward
- 7. cyclones, twisters, waterspouts
 Mississippi River Valley of North America
- 8. cumulonimbus clouds; cool, dry westerly winds meet hot, humid weather from the south
- 9. Tornadoes are very unpredictable.

The Tower of London

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- its unique and bloody history; its historic importance; the royal jewels; its unique tour guides; its unique structures
- 6. moat, waterway; conquest, victory; converted, changed; vault, safe
- 7. moat; thick walls; guards in 13 towers
- beefeater guards; huge outer walls; guard towers; moat
- fortress; prison; palace; mint for making money; storehouse for animals and records; museum

Sequenced Level 8.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Albert Einstein

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a
- 5. the Manhattan Project dealt with dropping the atomic bomb, which goes against pacifist ideals
- 6. ignored, disregarded; theories, postulates; tiny bits, particles; talented, accomplished
- 7. a solar eclipse Israel
- accomplished violinist; pacifist and supporter of Jewish state; Israel offered him presidency; warned Roosevelt about atomic bomb
- he discovered the theory of relativity; won the Nobel Prize for paper on photoelectric effect; went against conventions; came up with many important theories; was influential beyond science

Attack on Pearl Harbor

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. c
- they would have inflicted more damage; both countries would probably have endured more losses
- 6. aware, cognizant; fight back, retaliate; secret, clandestine; stop; hold back, suppress; goal or attempt, endeavor; as a result, consequently
- 7. 1. Japan saw the U.S. as an obstacle.
 - 2. Japanese aircraft bombed Pearl Harbor.
 - 3. The U.S. sustained significant losses.
 - 4. Congress declared war on Japan.
 - 5. Axis powers declared war on the U.S.
 - 6. The U.S. was immersed in World War II.
- 8. Japanese wanted to eliminate U.S. Navy in Pacific Ocean so that they could have more land and access to natural resources
- intercepted messages; sightings of unidentified submarines; appearance of unidentified aircraft on radar screen

The Cloning Controversy

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. cloning members of an endangered species would increase the population of that species
- 6. established, unfounded; ethical, immoral; infertile, fertile; alter, maintain; diversity, similarities; advance, regress
- support: advance science and medicine, save lives from terminal illness, help infertile couples, eliminate genetic disorders;
 oppose: alter human development, put natural diversity at risk, psychological effects, goes against religion
- certain qualities would be more or less common, and after a long time people might not be as different from one another as they are supposed to be
- 9. Some people think cloning could be beneficial, but others think it could cause problems.

Cuban Missile Crisis

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. Soviet Union agreed to end construction on the missile sites in Cuba

Sequenced Level 8.0 (continued)

Cuban Missile Crisis (continued)

- solution, resolution; able to, capable; predict, anticipate; considered, contemplated; worried, stewed; pushed; forced, propelled
- 7. Turkey
 - Soviet nuclear missiles at a launching site in Cuba
 - U.S. spy plane shot down over Cuba; second U.S. spy plane accidentally flew over Soviet Union; Khrushchev demanded removal of U.S. missiles from Turkey
- Soviet Union could have fired the missiles from Cuba and nuclear war could have followed
- Castro allowed Soviets to use missile sites in Cuba; Soviet Union used Cuba as a missile site; U.S. had missiles in Turkey; U.S. ordered Cuba quarantined; U.S. had spy planes over the Soviet Union

The Dawn of the Atomic Age

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. first nuclear weapon ever used; took a huge human toll; inflicted more devastation than any other single weapon in history
- persist, continue; confidential, secret; detonated, exploded; unconditional, absolute; toll, cost; inflicted, caused
- 7. August 6, 1945
 - Allied forces
 - Roosevelt
- 8. the destruction the atomic bomb would inflict
- 9. experts disagreed about what was best; war could have lasted another year; war could have ended more quickly; Japan refused to surrender; a nuclear weapon had never been used before

Dolly the Cloned Sheep

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. she was the clone of a six-year-old sheep, so at the start of her life she was as mature as a six-year-old

- deceased, dead; feasibility, possibility; comprised, composed; attributed, credited; celebrity, fame; extract, remove
- sheep one: preserved cells from its udder; sheep two: took its empty egg and fused it with udder cells; sheep three: implanted embryo to have this sheep carry it to term
- some people were delighted because they envisioned scientific advancements; some people were appalled because they feared misuse of the technology
- showed signs of premature aging; developed arthritis; displayed signs of lung disease; lived a shorter life than most sheep

Dumb Laws

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. it would be hard to conceal a weapon six feet in length, since most people are not even that tall
- take part in, participate; silly, absurd; prohibited, banned; revoked, repealed; circumstances, context; happening again, recurring
- Cleveland: women can't wear patent leather shoes; Marion: you can't eat a doughnut while walking backwards down the street; Wisconsin: prisoners are entitled to real butter rather than margarine
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Even though dumb laws exist, people do not need to abide by them.

A 14th Century Disaster

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. b
- antibiotics have diminished the danger; we know more now about the plague and its origin
- depicting, describing; surplus, excess; diminished, lessened; proliferated, spread
- 7. epidemics, subsequently, Morose
- improved standard of living and social structure; surplus of goods reduced prices; feudal lords lost power; peasants had greater selection of jobs at higher wages

9. people lived in constant fear of the plague; people thought it was a punishment from God; people produced morose art and literature; the plague changed the standard of living and social structure

Franklin Delano Roosevelt

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. he initiated substantial changes in America; not everything he tried worked, but he continued to improvise and make changes
- revive, refresh; rampant, wild; proposed, suggested; marked, characterized; loomed, threatened; secured, obtained
- 7. the New Deal
 - Polio
 - United Nations
- 8. they were reassuring to the public in a time of crisis
- he helped stabilize the economy; helped create jobs; improved working conditions and wages; managed food supply; reassured public; provided strong and optimistic leadership

Golda Meir

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. a
- she was in the public eye and never let her suffering be known; she accomplished a great deal even though she was struggling with a serious illness
- reasonable, viable; beliefs, convictions; weak, feeble; innocent, naive; decided, resolved; revived, renewed
- assisted Israel: served in parliament, served as Israel's foreign minister, served as chair of Israeli delegation to the U.S.; contributed to Zionism: raised money, recruited people to live in Palestine, moved to Palestine and served in unofficial government
- she remembered the terror of her childhood and did not want other Jews to have to experience something similar
- assisted Israel in many ways; contributed to the Zionist movement in many ways; said she must struggle for the things she believed in

The Great Depression

1. a 2. b 3. a 4. a

- 5. everyone was turning to the government for help; people were depending on the government to get the economy back on track, which was a huge task
- goals, objectives; related to money, economics; ended; resulted in, culminated; keep up, sustain; success; good fortune, prosperity; risky business transaction, speculation
- 7. 1. People embezzled to invest money.
 - 2. The stock market crashed.
 - 3. Banks closed and millions lost their jobs.
 - 4. Roosevelt proposed the New Deal.
 - 5. World War II began.
- so many people had invested in the stock market, many with borrowed money, so when it crashed banks closed, businesses failed, and millions lost their jobs; created instability and depressed the economy
- 9. unemployment numbers crept upwards; consumers spent less money; stocks were overvalued; market experienced significant dips

Greenbrier Bunker

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. necessary for continuity of government in case of nuclear emergency
- 6. continuity, adequate, fulfilling, exposed
- 7. they felt the threat of nuclear war■ 1995
- 8. Congress would only have moved there in the event of a nuclear emergency
- had a chamber for the Senate; chamber for the House; hall for joint session; radio communications room; television studio

Impeachment in the United States

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. a
- government authorities called his integrity into question; the legislature planned to impeach him; he resigned
- against the constitution, unconstitutionally; found not guilty, acquitted; lying under oath, perjury; an employee in training, intern; discharged from office, dismissed
- 7. violating an act of Congress
 - government authorities

Sequenced Level 8.0 (continued)

Impeachment in the United States (continued)

- 8. legislature planned to impeach him; he was involved with illegal activities; he probably would have been removed from office if he did not resign
- the House impeached Johnson, but the Senate acquitted him; the House impeached Clinton, but he was found not guilty; the House planned to impeach Nixon, but he resigned first

Indira Gandhi

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- she knew what life was like without it; she worked for independence with her parents in her youth; her childhood experiences taught her the importance of independence
- 6. upper class, elite; recognize, acknowledge; disobedience, insubordination; full, fraught
- accomplished: increased role of women in politics, aided those in need, promoted advances in technology, protected tiger and its habitat; condemned for: policy regarding population control, breaking election laws, limiting freedoms
- 8. helped the Congress party; probably good spies because the British didn't think to be suspicious of children
- 9. she was involved in the Monkey Brigade when she was younger; she helped her father when he was prime minister; she was president of Congress party; she was prime minister; she said she'd be proud to die for the service of the nation

The Influenza of 1918-1919

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. the world was already concerned with the hazards of war and probably saw the war as a bigger threat
- 6. hazards, dangers; assailed, attacked; peril, danger; unprecedented, unparalleled
- 7. lurked, pandemic, virulent, tendencies

- 8. by that time, more people knew about the virus, its odd tendencies, and how deadly it was
- 9. the world has not seen such a severe outbreak of influenza since then; it afflicted people in nearly every country; it killed more people than the war

The Iron Lung

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. a
- severe polio paralyzes the lungs, so the iron lung helped these people stay alive by helping them breathe
- paralyzed, active; expanded, reduced; declined, increased; apparent, hidden; essential, unimportant; insufficient, ample
- 7. If the person's lungs expand, drawing in airthe air is forced out of a person's lungs
- 8. the polio vaccine prevented people from getting polio, which in turn reduced the number of people who needed iron lungs to breathe
- doctors used iron lungs for polio; people's lives depended on them; artificial respiration remains essential to medical technology today

Leonardo da Vinci

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. Leonardo was a genius; contributed great things to art and science; used innovative techniques
- aptitude, ineptitude; link, disconnect; dissecting, assembling; innovative, unoriginal; articulate, unclear; lasting, temporary
- 7. aptitude, disciplines, basis, embodies
- 8. used his artistic abilities to make sketches of human anatomy and scientific inventions
- 9. gifted artist, architect, engineer, inventor, and scientist; everyone thought he was a genius; created artistic masterpieces; made important scientific discoveries

The Making of a Law

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. they have to make sure the bills are feasible and in the best interest of the constituents; see if the bill will be beneficial and what the associated costs will be

- 6. obtain, abiding, amend
- 7. the committee does not pursue it at that time
 - the committee amends it
 - the committee puts it on a calendar with other bills
- 8. a super-majority (2/3 of the Senate and 2/3 of the House) vote in favor of them
- 9. Congress and committee members research bills; debate them; negotiate modifications to them; vote on whether or not to make them laws

Michelangelo

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a
- 5. art was always at his fingertips; got to observe talented artists at work
- perfect model, ideal; worked hard, toiled; began, embarked; represents, symbolizes; meaningful, profound; consider, deem
- 7. thirteen
 - poetry, architecture
- took Michelangelo under his wing; introduced him to Italy's most famous artists; they thought Michelangelo had great potential
- 9. Michelangelo was a talented sculptor, painter, and architect.

Mir Space Station

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a
- people lived and worked together in outer space; had challenging and rewarding experiences together in outer space
- 6. huge, massive; compare, liken; units, modules; live in, reside
- 7. over 86,000
 - March 2001
- observed beauty of Earth from above; dozed while suspended upside down; flew around on a vacuum cleaner one New Year's Eve
- conducted experiments; repaired and maintained the space station; practiced for future projects; observed Earth from above; could sleep upside down

Polio

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. polio often paralyzes the limbs and makes it hard to breathe, so it is amazing that Wilma was able to run so well in spite of this condition
- most, majority; likely to be affected by something, susceptible; came back to bother, haunted; tiredness, fatigue; stopped, ceased; hindsight, retrospect
- 7. fatigue, joint or muscle pain, difficulty breathing
- 8. they had the symptoms of post-polio syndrome 30 years later
- 9. some people displayed symptoms, others did not; some people suffered from temporary or permanent disabilities, others did not; some people recovered in a few days, others did not recover

Sputnik and the Space Race

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. made many Americans feel less technologically inferior and more powerful than the Soviet Union
- ecstatic, devastated; tension, relief; optimal, worst; superior, inferior; subside, increase; disintegrate, solidify
- 7. 184 pounds
 - 45 years
 - it carried a dog into space; it was much bigger than Sputnik I
- 8. fueled competition between the U.S. and the Soviet Union by making the U.S. feel technologically inferior and paranoid about nuclear weapons
- competing to be the most powerful nation; trying to outdo each other militarily, politically, technologically; paranoid about nuclear weapons

Stephen Hawking

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. he did not let the disease prevent him from living his life and doing what he wanted
- boundaries, borders; despite, regardless of; impairs, prevents; convey, express; device, tool or apparatus

Sequenced Level 8.0 (continued)

Stephen Hawking (continued)

- 7. voice synthesizer
 - himself
 - black holes
 - Lou Gehrig's disease
- his mind remained strong; he can speak; he teaches; he makes contributions to science; he has a family; he is a best-selling author; he became one of the world's most renowned physicists
- teaches at Cambridge; renowned physicist; studies black holes; best-selling author; wrote many books; inspirational speaker

Watergate

1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b

- 5. Woodward and Bernstein may not have had enough information to connect Watergate and the White House
- 6. explored, probed; helpers, aides; charged with, indicted; impressive, prestigious
- 7. the House Judiciary Committee
- 8. so they could record the conversations that took place in the Democratic headquarters
- 9. McCord worked for Nixon's re-election committee; money from Nixon's re-election committee financed bugging devices; Nixon had knowledge of the attempt to conceal the connection between Watergate and the White House

2 Answers for the Phonics Levels

This chapter lists the answers to the quiz questions for the SE phonics levels. The software automatically corrects the multiple-choice questions. A teacher or an assistant must evaluate the students' answers to the open-ended questions, namely, question 5.

Please note that the answers given for the open-ended questions may not include all of the possibilities. Consequently, you should use your discretion when correcting them.

The starting page for each of the levels is listed below:

Level	0
.8	34
1.3	35
1.8	
2.3	37
2.6	
2.7	40

Phonics Level .8

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Animal Houses

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. Wild animals can live in dens. They can live in rocks. They can live in logs.

A Bear Cub

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. Bear cubs can have fun. Baby bears can run and play. Baby bears tug and roll. Baby bears sit in the sun. Baby bears rub on trees to scratch. Baby bears climb trees to be safe. Baby bears tuck in close to their mothers.

A Bell

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. Bells tell men and women the time. Bells tell when to get out of bed. Bells tell when they will be fed. Bells tell when the president comes.

A Bug Hunt

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- Bugs can run. Bugs can jump. Bugs can fly. Bugs can buzz.

Cod

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. We catch cod with a rod. We catch cod with a net.

Crab

- 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. Crabs can live in the water and on land.

A Dock

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. You can swim from a dock. You can sit in the sun on a dock. You can fish with a rod on a dock. You can lock a boat to a dock. You can have fun on a dock.

A Duck

- 1. c 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. Ducks eat nuts and bugs.

Fins

- 1. c 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. Fins help fish move in the water. Fins help them not tip over. Fins help them stop. Fins help them swim fast or slow.

Fog

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. Fog is little drops of water.

A Fox

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. A fox can rob a farm.

Fun

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. It is fun to make a mud cake.

A Hen

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. The food helps them lay eggs.

The Hip

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. Your hip lets you kick. It lets you skip. It lets you sit. It lets you pick things up.

A Hog

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. We make brushes from hog hair.

Jam

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. We eat jam on buns. We eat jam on crackers.

A Jet

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. The jets flew too fast.

A Kid

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. A kid will nip with its lips.

A Rat

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Rats can be brown, black, or white.

Sad, Glad, and Mad

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. We feel glad when we have good news.

Sap

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. We cook sap. We make syrup and sugar from sap.

34

A Sub

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. The sub goes up.

A Vet

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. The vet will check the pet. The vet may give the pet a shot.

A Wig

- 1. c 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. Silly wigs can be pink.

Phonics Level 1.3

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Apes

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. Monkeys have tails but apes do not have tails. Monkeys are smaller than apes.

Beelines

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. They move from side to side. They fly in circles.

Big Cats With a Mane

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. Baby lions like to chase and play.

The Blue Jay

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Blue jays eat seeds. Blue jays plant seeds. Blue jays hide seeds.

Coal

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Coal makes smoke that makes our air not clean.

Fireflies

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. Fireflies light up to find other fireflies. Fireflies light up to find mates.

Hikes

1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c

5. People hike on sidewalks. They hike in the forests. They hike by pine trees. They hike up the side of mountains. They hike through towns.

Husband and Wife

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. People smile and laugh at weddings. People eat fine food at weddings. People have a good time at a wedding.

Jokes

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- Clowns can paint their noses red. Clowns poke holes in their clothes. Clowns dance with ropes. Clowns tell us jokes. Clowns shoot water from hoses and roses to make us laugh.

A Lake

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- People can wade at lakes. People can make waves at lakes. People can catch fish at lakes. People can play games at lakes.

Lights in the Night Sky

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. Its bright light hides the other stars.

A Load

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. Airplane loads are small, and truck loads are big and heavy.

Moles

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Moles dig bolt runs so they can run away from danger.

Mules

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Mules have bodies like horses. Mules give rides to people like horses do.

Music

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. People use their voices to make music. People use instruments to make music.

Nose

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. The bones warm the air. The bones help clean the air in your nose.

Phonics Level 1.3 (continued)

Rain

- 2. b 3. b 1. a 4. c
- 5. You can dig for bait. You can look for snails. You can watch for rainbows. You can play outside.

Rainbows

- 2. b 3. a 1. a 4. b
- 5. Go outside after it rains, and stand with your back to the sun.

Rules

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Possible answer: Rules for driving help keep us safe.

Seals

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. Seals can sleep in the sea. Seals can swim in the sea. Seals can find food in the sea.

Seeds

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. People can eat seeds. People can feed seeds to animals. People can make things from seeds. People can plant seeds.

Skates

- 1 b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. They find food at the bottom of the sea. They lay eggs at the bottom of the sea.

Sleep

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. Our bodies know it is time to sleep when the there is less light. Our bodies know it is time to sleep when they feel tired from being busy all day.

Toads

- 2. b 1. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. They want other toads to find them.

Phonics Level 1.8

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The Blimp

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. The gas inside the blimp is lighter than the air outside.

Brass Instruments

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Trombones are long and play low sounds, and trumpets are short and play high sounds.

The Chimpanzee

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Thumbs help chimpanzees make things. Thumbs help chimpanzees catch things. Thumbs help chimpanzees hold things. Thumbs help chimpanzees pick things up.

Chocolate Chip Cookies

- 1. b 2. a 4. b 3. b
- 5. The chips kept their shape.

Eating in China

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. China is a poor country, and rice is cheap and easy to grow.

The Elk

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. The elk has no antlers. The elk has a thin coat in the spring.

The Great White Shark

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. People shake because they are afraid of great white sharks. Great white sharks are meateating fish with many sharp teeth and swim near the shore.

Louis Braille

- 2. c 3. c 4. c 1. a
- 5. Louis Braille created a way to read by touching dots.

Seashells

1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c 5. You can find seashells by the ocean. You can find seashells on the shores. You can find seashells on the beaches. You can find seashells in shallow water.

Shadows

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. Shadows are made by light that is blocked by something.

The Shoebill

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. The shoebill eats fish.

The Skunk

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. A skunk pounds its feet on the ground. A skunk lifts its long tail. A spotted skunk stands on its front legs. A spotted skunk lifts its hind end off the ground.

Snake Skin

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. The snake gets too big for its skin.

Snowstorms and Blizzards

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- Snow squalls are snowstorms that have winds, and the snow piles up. Snow flurries are lightly falling snow that does not pile up.

The Spitting Spider

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. The spitting spider is small. The spitting spider is slow. The spitting spider's legs are not strong.

Stringed Instruments

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. You can strike, strum, snap, or scratch them.

The Thumb

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. Thumbs and fingers work together to pick things up. Thumbs and fingers grip things tightly. Thumbs and fingers pull things on.

Thunder and Lightning

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. Thunder is made because lightning heats the air, causing the air to expand and move very fast. This rush of moving air makes the sound of thunder.

Trolleys

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- Trains and trolleys move on tracks. Trains and trolleys look alike. Years ago people rode trains and trolleys. Trains and trolleys drop people off and pick people up.

The Wasp

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Bees are round and hairy. Wasps have thin waists and no hair.

What Animal Am I?

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. Whiskers help cats feel where they are when they are walking.

What is a Glacier?

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. Glaciers are large pieces of moving ice and snow.

The Wheel

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. The wheel made work easier for people. The wheel made it easier for people to get around.

The White Whale

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. Beluga whales are the same color as the ice in the Arctic Ocean.

Phonics Level 2.3

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Aardvarks

- 1. aardvark, parts, marks, arched, dark, sharp, hard, far
- 2. People hunt aardvarks for their hides and for their sharp claws.

The Awful Launch

- 1. McAuliffe, astronauts, awful, thought, because, launched, daughter, saw
- 2. It was too cold, so an O-ring leaked.

Phonics Level 2.3 (continued)

A Champion Cyclist

- 1. Lance, chance, cancer, race, medicine, practiced, France, bicycle
- 2. He worked very hard, and he practiced every day.

Cinco de Mayo

- 1. Cinco, dance, fancy, rice, France, city, fierce, celebrated, since
- 2. They wear fancy clothes, dance, listen to music, and eat tacos and rice.

Cowboy Hats

- 1. boy, boiled, joy, joined, pointed, cowboy, coin, enjoy
- 2. They were tall with big brims.

Did I Spell It Wrong?

- 1. wrong, write, knee, wrote, writing, gnome, wrap, phonetically
- 2. Words starting with silent letters seem wrong because we do not say the sounds of all the letters.

The Doodles of Dr. Seuss

- 1. Suess, drew, too, grew, zoo, doodles, cartoon, Soon
- 2. Ted didn't draw things the way they really were.

Garter Snakes

- 1. garter, harmless, backyards, Arctic, dark, markings, far, dart
- 2. Their tongues dart in and out of their mouths.

Giants

- 1. Ages, imagined, dangerous, legends, strange, ranges, huge, giants
- 2. We know what causes some of the strange things in nature. We know the large, old bones were from dinosaurs.

Ground Zero

- 1. thousand, Towers, South, loud, out, down, ground, about
- 2. Almost 3,000 people died, there were loud sounds, glass rained down, dust showered the streets, and the towers fell.

Henry Ford

- 1. Ford, born, Horses, force, for, morning, horn, door
- 2. Henry Ford worked on his car for three years and sometimes worked all night.

Hurricanes

- 1. Hurricanes, over, First, curve, circle, whirl, surge, water, turn
- 2. Hot air rises from the ocean surface and turns into clouds.

Jesse Owens

- 1. slowly, Owens, crowned, town, own, willpower, showed, followed
- He showed up for practice every morning before school. He followed his coach's directions.

Kermit and the Puppet Master

- 1. master, first, over, Kermit, Bert, Bird, quirk, performed
- 2. Jim Henson covered his hand with his mother's old coat and added ping pong balls for eyes.

The Mohawk

- 1. Mohawk, daughters, dawn, caught, fall, taught, talked, law,
- 2. The visitor talked to them about peace and so helped end the fighting among some tribes.

Mount St. Helens Blew Its Top

- 1. knew, soon, ground, down, powerful, awful, flew, blew, know
- 2. A large bump formed on its north side, and it sent out clouds of smoke.

Owls

- 1. owls, round, around, ground, towers, growl, down, howl
- 2. Owls cannot move their eyes to the side.

The Red Kangaroo

- 1. kangaroo, cool, drooled, shoo, chew, tooth, new, boot
- 2. She wants to or needs to make room for a new baby.

A Terrible Oil Spill

1. spoiled, voyage, avoid, noise, destroyed, poisoned, toiled, enjoy

2. The oil spill was very large, and it was hard to reach.

Thurgood Marshall

- 1. Thurgood, teacher, return, part, lawyer, Marshall, hard, argued
- 2. He argued in court so that all children, black and white, could go to the same schools.

Tiger Woods

- 1. Woods, hooked, took, shoot, knew, taught, good, cool, Rookie
- 2. They found good teachers for him. They took him to play golf often.

Tornadoes

- 1. tornado, windstorm, form, forward, corners, force, horses, forget
- 2. People who have seen a tornado never forget it because tornadoes can move enormous things and force things into each other.

A Village on the Cliffs

- 1. village, change, danger, edge, huge, wedged, strange, ranger
- 2. They left the village 700 years ago.

What Is Chirping in the Tree?

- 1. squirrels, observe, furry, sturdy, fir, return, winter, germs, chirping
- 2. They hide them so no other animals will eat them and so they can get them when it is winter.

Phonics Level 2.6

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

A Bird Called Rosy Spoonbill

- 1. pink, bill, inches, sits, sticks, swinging, killed, extinct
- 2. Her bill is shaped like a spoon, and it has a rosy pink color.

Carl Sandburg—American Poet

- 1. hanging, danced, Sandburg, cracker, attic, sad, pacifist, back
- 2. He worked in the attic and used a cracker box for a desk.

Cat Mummies

- 1. well, dishes, kill, sad, drugs, rot, collar, mummy
- 2. People thought they were gods and that they brought good luck.

Collecting Stamps

- 1. stamps, plants, France, ask, fast, half, scrapbooks, family
- 2. Family and pals can help you start a stamp collection.

Comet Crashes Into the Planet Jupiter

- 1. chance, crash, flash, glad, planets, past, happen, planning
- 2. Scientists need to plan what we should do if a comet ever heads toward Earth.

The Common American Robin

- 1. spot, fox, blotches, along, stop, cock, not, robbed
- 2. Young robins have brown breasts with white blotches. Adult robins have fox-red breasts.

Do You Have a Centipede at Your House?

- 1. legs, segment, set, ten, insects, welt, check, bed
- 2. A centipede can help us by eating pesky bugs.

Have You Seen These Animal Tracks?

- 1. tracks, fast, bobcats, handprints, badgers, muskrats, black, scraps
- 2. Badger and raccoon tracks have long nails.

How to Become a Rock Hound

- 1. hobby, odd, ponds, shops, spotting, cloths, polish, boxes
- 2. Some rocks and some birds' eggs are covered with dots.

How to Make Real Lemonade

- 1. enjoy, frozen, fresh, steps, lemons, them, then, well
- 2. Some people use frozen concentrate. Some people use mix from a can.

The Ink Pen—A Little History

- 1. thin, dipped, quill, ends, hundred, held, eyedroppers, felt
- 2. People had to put ink into pens with eyedroppers.

Phonics Level 2.6 (continued)

Interesting Insects

- 1. different, little, million, six, wings, sting, picks, cricket
- 2. Wasps see the world as broken in many bits.

Jelly Coat—The Red-Headed Woodpecker

- 1. red, chest, jelly, seven, pesky, pecks, fences, eggs
- 2. Its head, neck, and chest are red, and it pecks on nuts to open them.

Milk Snake

- 1. thin, inches, skin, silk, constrictors, kill, lizards, think
- 2. Long ago people thought milk snakes milked cows.

Monkeys

- 1. observe, odd, objects, monkeys, long, tops, not, stronger
- 2. The nostrils are different.

The Moose of Alaska

- 1. members, seven, long, ten, odd, humps, rabbits, thick
- Moose have warm fur that keeps them warm during the cold winters in Alaska. Moose have long legs to get through the deep snow in Alaska. Alaska is largely uninhabited so moose have plenty of vegetation to eat.

Pablo Picasso—Well Known Painter

- 1. gift, pictures, picked, thin, twisted, mixed, clippings, think
- 2. His first works were pictures of sad, thin faces. His later works were not faces but were twisted shapes and figures.

A Plant With a Funny Name

- 1. funny, fuzzy, clumps, just, upset, frustrating, lunch, butter
- 2. People think of them as just weeds.

Pueblo Indian Dances

- 1. gods, husks, crops, dress, sticks, act, sick, dance
- 2. They dress to look like the animals they want to hunt, and tap sticks to sound like the hooves of the animals they want to hunt.

The Spotted Bobcat

- 1. bobcat, top, spots, bobbed, nocturnal, hollow, rocks, mother
- 2. Bobcats have short tails, and most housecats have long tails.

The Strength of an Egg

- 1. shells, peck, hens, eggshell, strength, pressing, example, held
- 2. The shape of the egg gives it strength. It spreads the pressure of the hen in all directions.

The Tufted Puffin—A Bird With a Mask

- 1. tufts, up, summer, puff, tunnel, hunts, mussels, plucks
- 2. It needs a beak to crack open shells and pluck out food.

Ways to Have Fun

- run, bunny, sun, bug, funny, pun, jug, backrub
- 2. Fix a burger on a bun. Eat something that is yummy. Eat a sweet sugar lump.

A Woman Who Just Said "NO"

- 1. unjust, bus, up, fuss, budge, must, guns, shut
- 2. The unfair law was changed. The law that said black people must give up their seats to white people was changed.

Phonics Level 2.7

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

1,000 Years of Peace

- 1. Crete, Greece, peace, three, these, leaping, trees, leave
- 2. The pictures the people left behind were peaceful. There were no weapons found with their things.

The African Gnu

- 1. gnu, five, gray, white, tail, used, wild, feed
- 2. They are protected on farms because there are very few left.

Ain't I a Woman?

1. plain, slave, grain, laid, same, stage, gain, changed

2. Some men thought that since some women were as strong as men, women should have some of the same rights as men.

Blue Snake

- 1. used, flutes, music, cue, clues, ruse, blue, hue
- 2. They cannot hear. They move back and forth with the snake charmers movements.

Calamity Jane

- 1. late, range, straight, take, bathed, changed, laid, graves
- 2. Calamity Jane helped take care of sick people.

The Coldest Place on Earth

- 1. coldest, snow, holds, coal, coast, grow, floes, globe
- 2. They ride on ice floes and float out to their food.

Dune Buggy

- 1. cruise, dunes, cute, huge, fuel, use, tuned, lube
- 2. The tires are huge. It has a tubular frame and no outer shell. It is driven on sand dunes, not roads.

Even Dogs Dream

- 1. sleep, dream, flee, eel, people, need, deal, street
- 2. Their eyes move under their lids. Their legs move. They may bark.

Is it Really a Flower?

- 1. pipe, like, white, fine, alive, dies, dried, sight
- 2. The Indian pipe does not have green leaves. The Indian pipe is entirely white. The Indian pipe feels waxy to the touch.

Jumping Mice

- 1. piles, wild, hind, pine, bite, hide, glides, dives
- 2. Jumping mice flatten their bodies to hide from hawks and other meat-eating animals.

Kites

- 1. glide, line, high, mile, Chinese, kinds, size, fighting
- 2. If the kite touches an electric wire, electricity could go down the line of the kite to the person holding the kite.

Life in China

- 1. bike, shine, time, light, rice, fried, child, wife
- 2. He rides a bike to school. He has no brothers and sisters. He eats mostly white rice. He has a tile roof. He has very few electric lights.

Lone Woman of San Nicholas Island

- 1. leave, child, alone, crude, bones, plumes, fruit, wild
- 2. She had to make a home and find food.

Man's Oldest Friend

- 1. oldest, goat, coat, hold, nose, owned, oats, low
- 2. Goats are cozy to hold. Goats have fluffy coats. Goats do not bite.

Mee Jung—A Girl From South Korea

- 1. sea, three, keep, sleeps, clean, leaves, sleeping, eat
- 2. Mee Jung lives by the sea. She takes her shoes off. She lives with her grandmother. She eats pumpkin soup and kimch'i. She sleeps on a mat. Pipes run under the floor of her house to keep it warm.

Musical Instruments

- 1. musical, lute, flute, tunes, tube, tuba, tubing, true
- 2. The flute plays high sounds, and the tuba plays low sounds. The flute is a short, hollow tube, and the tuba is many feet of tube. The flute is a wind instrument, and the tuba is a brass instrument.

Our Solar System

- universe, unique, huge, uses, hue, Pluto, Jupiter, blue
- 2. It is suitable for human life.

The Pacemaker—A Heart Saver

- 1. saves, stay, racing, aid, case, placed, cage, may
- 2. It saves lives.

Solar—An Important Energy Source

- 1. sources, homes, low, solar, store, stones, coated, sole
- 2. Some places have very little sun so other sources of energy are needed.

Phonics Level 2.7 (continued)

Space Flight

- 1. cruising, dried, poke, heat, hole, squeeze, came, dine
- 2. There is no air in space. The temperatures in space are extreme—either very hot or very cold. Space is not like Earth.

The Story of Stoves

- 1. stoves, homes, known, almost, mold, holes, smoke, hold
- 2. American stoves were made of wood or clay. They had chimneys to let out smoke and were used to heat homes and cook. Stoves made in China were made of cast iron, had a hole in the back to let out smoke, and were used mostly for cooking.

Valley of Ten Thousand Smokes

- 1. zone, fire, fumes, three, huge, caves, icy, eagles
- 2. The valley is surrounded by seven volcanoes that fired for three days.

Vincent Van Gogh

- 1. painter, pain, gave, frail, Later, blaze, framed, failed
- 2. At first he painted with dark colors, and later he painted with bright colors to show his feelings.

Wild Plants That Are Good to Eat

- 1. Jean, tree, eats, leave, seek, meals, streams, greens
- 2. He may have eaten seeds, weeds, and wild plants. He may have eaten cattails, Japanese knotweeds, milkweed leaves, and dandelion greens.

3 Answers for the American Manners & Customs Levels

This chapter lists the answers to the quiz questions for the SE American Manners & Customs levels. The software automatically corrects the multiple-choice questions. A teacher or an assistant must evaluate the students' answers to question 5, which is always an open-ended question.

Please note that the answers given for the open-ended questions may not include all of the possibilities. Consequently, you should use your discretion when correcting them.

The starting page for each of the levels is listed below:

Level	Page
3.0	44
3.5	45
4.0	46
4.5	47

American Manners & Customs Level 3.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

The Whole World Smiles

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. a
- 5. a smile often shows that people are happy; smiling is a part of every culture
- 6. usually, hide, friendly
- 7. smiling, reasons, happiness, surprised, friendly

Smiles in America

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. they smile to make people feel welcome; to show they are happy; to show they think something is funny; at people they see a lot; when they are having a good time with family and friends
- 6. photographs, neighbors, show
- 7. smile, photographer, neighbors, easily, funny

Comparing Smiles

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. usually people in China only smile at people they know; Americans often smile at people they don't know; people in China might think a smiling person they don't know wants to get to know them.
- 6. showing, confused, teeth
- 7. different, embarrassed, reasons, frown

Why Smile?

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. smiling releases a chemical that makes us feel good; smiling itself makes us happier
- 6. studied, spread, usually
- 7. smiling, businesses, enjoy, friendly, welcome

First Impressions

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- how the person dressed; moved; shook hands; looked at them
- 6. firm, straight, form
- 7. meet, handshake, first impression, eye contact, remember

Being Introduced

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. a weak handshake; not making eye contact; not standing while being introduced; shaking hands even if hands are dirty or wet
- 6. apologize, unsure, dirty
- 7. introduces, shake hands, firm, pleasure, meet

Giving an Introduction

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. c
- in casual situations you use first names; in formal situations you use titles and last names
- 6. formal, older, welcome
- 7. introduce, met, casual, titles, polite

Starting a Conversation

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. say that you see it differently; say nothing
- 6. whisper, disagree, easier
- 7. met, show, personal, questions, favorite

What Is Small Talk?

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. it helps you when you don't know what to say; you can talk about things like weather, sports, and food; it isn't controversial
- 6. agree, deeper, controversial
- 7. airplane, conversation, waiting, important, small talk

Starting Small Talk

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- "How are you?"; "How are you doing?"; "How have you been?"; "What's up?"
- 6. topics, rude, small talk
- 7. conversation, complain, expect, question, discuss

Small Talk Topics

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. weather; things that just happened; things in the news; what a person is going to do for the holidays; sports; TV
- 6. never, weather, popular
- 7. holidays, Thanksgiving, football, parade, weather

Saying Goodbye

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- they politely stop; they find a way to say goodbye; they say, "I should get going, but it was nice talking with you."
- 6. together, statement, politely
- 7. hurry, busy, leave, plans, goodbye

American Manners & Customs Level 3.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

First Names, Middle Names, Last Names

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. most Americans have three names; some people are called by a nickname
- 6. appear, different, comma
- 7. printed, full, alphabetical order, middle, nickname

Titles

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. yes; for example, a man who is a doctor could have the title Mr. or Dr.
- 6. older, employer, Dentists
- 7. government, title, show, whether, probably

Married Names

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. c
- because she may simply want to keep her own name; because she might want to keep a tie to her own family name
- 6. original, decide, Usually
- 7. newly, name, maiden name, title, husband

More About Names

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. c
- 5. they might want a different name, a name that is easier to remember, or a name that is easier to pronounce
- 6. differently, medical records, Usually
- 7. official, birth certificate, remember, court, legally

Please

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Could you please tell me how to get to the shopping mall? May I have directions to the shopping mall, please?
- 6. Always, command, learns
- 7. request, important, command, please, In addition to

Thank You and You're Welcome

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c
- "You're welcome;" "It was my pleasure;" "Think nothing of it;" "No problem;" "There's no need to thank me"
- 6. returns, compliments, slightly
- 7. favor, show, appreciated, wonderful, nothing

I'm Sorry and Excuse Me

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. you would say I'm sorry if you felt badly about something you did; you would say excuse me if you accidentally did something rude.
- 6. belch, disturb, wrong
- 7. accidentally, sorry, offer, accept, usually

More Polite Words

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. to be polite, so the person knows you didn't yawn because of her
- 6. well, greet, offer
- 7. casual, yawn, enough, reason, better

Expressing Emotions

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- because they do not all have the same feelings about things; because they come from different cultures; because they have had many different things happen to them
- 6. however, postures, different
- 7. guess, cultures, express, emotions, amounts

How Americans Express Emotions

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b
- 5. they can show it with their face, and they can tell someone
- 6. usually, similar, worried
- 7. excited, surprised, appreciate, body language

American Manners & Customs Level 3.5 (continued)

Assertiveness

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. assertive people say what they like and what they don't like; they speak up for what they want; they ask questions when they don't understand something; aggressive people are pushy and forceful and demand that they want in a rude way
- 6. Aggressive, likely, teasing
- 7. state, assertive, take advantage of, aggressive, politely

Tact

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- they help you to keep other people's feelings from being hurt; they are a good way to say something negative in a tactful way
- 6. rude, pretend, pay attention
- 7. sensitive, easily, probably, tact, honestly

American Manners & Customs Level 4.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Answering and Hanging up the Phone

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. because they have different names; because they think different things are important to say to callers.
- 6. information, hanging up, Employees
- 7. answer, greeting, always, companies, For example

Taking a Message

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. so people will be able to call other people back
- 6. similar, request, correctly
- 7. recognize, coworker, at the moment, important, carefully

Telemarketers

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. because they get too many calls from telemarketers; because telemarketers bother them
- 6. personal, strangers, claims
- 7. telemarketers, services, donation, polite, charities

Cell Phones

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- when you are in a place where you will disturb other people; when you are in meetings, theaters, or churches
- 6. excuse, disturb, dangerous
- 7. cell phones, manners, conversation, distracting, emergencies

Public Doors

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. because it's polite; because it shows respect
- 6. disabled, behind, nearby
- 7. stroller, toward, reach, polite, respond

Elevator, Bus, and Subway Doors

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- one or two at a time; whoever is closest gets off first; they hold the doors for elderly or disabled people or people with bundles
- 6. avoid, elderly, crowds
- 7. polite, empty, bundles, exit, cooperate

Private Doors

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- because guests were always welcome; because they weren't as afraid then of robbers coming into their homes
- 6. enter, host, rude
- 7. guests, arrived, knock, leave, welcome

Conversations Around Doors

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. say, "Hi. Please come in;" stand out of the way when you let the guest in; greet the person
- 6. apologize, locked, invite
- 7. knock, solicitor, offer, interested, simply

How to Behave at the Table

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. because the table is a place to eat; because it leaves more room for the food to be placed on the table.
- 6. drip, follow, Illness
- 7. sunglasses, napkins, controversial, greasy, prefer

Dinner Party Manners

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. they put their knives and forks on their plates
- 6. napkin, respond, company
- 7. hosts, invitation, head, finish, conversation

Serving and Eating

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. you would prepare a large table with a variety of foods, set out plates, napkins, and utensils, and tell guests to help themselves
- 6. dig right in, slurp, switch
- 7. served, variety, empty, napkin, piece

How to Set the Table

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c
- there may be a special fork for dessert that is placed horizontally above the dinner plate, there may be a centerpiece
- 6. dinner party, appetizer, napkin
- 7. host, set the table, edge, serve, centerpiece

American Manners & Customs Level 4.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Good Hygiene

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b
- washing hands makes it less likely to spread germs; good hygiene helps people feel good.
- 6. main, spread, advertisements
- 7. clean, hygiene, germs, appreciate, products

Hygiene Habits in America

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. to keep from spreading germs to others; to keep germs from making them sick

- 6. physical, handle, law
- 7. exercise, sweating, shower, lotion, habits

Caring for Clothes and Teeth

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. they visit the dentist twice a year; they brush their teeth often
- 6. cavities, healthy, iron
- 7. appearance, stains, ensure, visit, twice

Cleanliness in American Homes

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. they mow their lawns; they keep their plants tidy
- 6. Crumbs, completely, company
- 7. regularly, sweep, wipe, mow, polite

What Is Body Language?

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- people use body language to communicate; body language is not the same around the world
- 6. communicate, grammar, in addition
- 7. reason, language, important, messages, verbal

What We Say With Our Eyes

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. it shows you are paying attention; it is a sign of openness, honesty, and respect
- 6. demonstrates, strangers, avoid
- 7. curious, rude, eye contact, honesty, conversation

Respecting Personal Space

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. do not move closer to that person; stay where you are; take a step back if you are uncomfortable
- 6. rude, uncomfortable, varies
- 7. closer, friendliness, difference, probably, farther

What About Touch?

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. people might interpret touch differently; you might offend them
- 6. greet, seldom, awhile
- 7. members, pat, offend, introduced

American Manners & Customs Level 4.5 (continued)

When to Give a Gift

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. they give gifts for special occasions; to thank someone for a favor; to show others they are important
- 6. purpose, favor, expect
- 7. hospital, care, sure, personal, appreciate, thoughtful

Selecting Gifts

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- flowers, picture frames, plants, books, candy, assorted teas, cookies, baskets of fruit, candles
- 6. Receiving, invited, selecting
- 7. department store, engaged, wish list, afford, sure

Receiving a Gift

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. it is nice of others to give you gifts, they will appreciate if you show your gratitude, it is polite
- 6. customary, immediately, present
- 7. demonstrate, admire, thoughtful, appreciation, eager

Thank-You Notes

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. when someone gives you a gift, when someone does a favor for you, when someone interviews you for a job
- 6. note, homemade, lovely
- 7. packages, printed, season, favor, interviewed

4

Answers for the Idioms Levels

This chapter lists the answers to the quiz questions for the SE Idioms levels. The software automatically corrects the multiple-choice questions. A teacher or an assistant must evaluate the students' answers to question 5, which is always an open-ended question.

Please note that the answers given for the open-ended questions may not include all of the possibilities. Consequently, you should use your discretion when correcting them.

The starting page for each of the levels is listed below:

Level	Page
3.0	50
3.5	51
4.0	52
4.5	53

Idioms Level 3.0

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Let's Move!

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. let's get the ball rolling; let's get this show on the road
- 6. happen, met, hurry
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary

Fast Moving

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. He finished his project early
- 6. react, freeze, indoors
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Better Than the Rest

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. because he is the best painter in the class
- 6. whispered, bragged, rise
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

What's the Price?

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. The CD is dirt cheap
- 6. costs, inexpensive, unlikely
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Something Is Suspicious

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. He didn't care that his neighbors were moving, but he wanted people to think he was sad about it.
- 6. closer, returned, honest
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Living the Good Life

	1.	с	2.	с	3.	с	4.	b
--	----	---	----	---	----	---	----	---

- 5. Her husband left her; she lost her job; her child became sick; the landlord wants her to move out.
- 6. plenty, difficult, sick
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- Answers will vary.

Just Right

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. because it was large, so there was plenty of work for all of them to do
- 6. slice, earn, snack
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

In Love

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. because they were head over heels in love
- 6. Finally, thrilled, hated
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Too Much Work!

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. He worked two jobs; he didn't get much sleep.
- 6. homework, reporter, tired
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

What's Wrong?

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. have a long face; down in the dumps; all broken up
- 6. immediately, replied, tell
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Love and Marriage

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- because Terri was only 13 and Ray was only 15
- 6. parents, cute, adults
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Getting Angry

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. The bill was 430 dollars; Lee made longdistance calls to China.
- 6. curfew, careless, temper tantrum
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Idioms Level 3.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Tough Times

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. He was late for school; he forgot his homework, his notebook, and his pencil.
- 6. phrase, lazy, behind
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Go Away!

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. Ming did not want to make Yi more angry than she already was.
- 6. cheating, decided, calm down
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

No More Fighting

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. You might do them together
- 6. weapon, dwell, argument
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Time to Speak

- 1. b 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. She told the group her ideas; she gave a speech; she weighed her words.
- 6. careful, chairman, speech
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

That's Not Nice!

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. He could stop putting people down.
- 6. few, describe, always
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

In Trouble

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. His boss might get upset or angry.
- 6. borrowed, remember, strict
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Too Much Money!

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. The man was throwing his money away.
- 6. gathering, poorly, unnecessary
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

The World of Working

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. She wants to move to a quiet place in the country; work is stressful.
- 6. country, competitive, additional
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Dreaming

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. He has realistic expectations of his employees; he designed practical strategies for the company; he gave sensible advice.
- 6. probably, movie star, employees.
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Out of Money

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. He had very little money to start his company.
- 6. rarely, expensive, retired
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Idioms Level 3.5 (continued)

True or False?

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Answers will vary.
- 6. actually, grain, believe
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Very Important People

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. He thinks he is better than everyone else.
- 6. affect, reporter, office
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Idioms Level 4.0

The list of answers for some of the Note: questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Shh! Don't Tell!

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. because they wanted to keep the information a surprise or secret
- 6. forgot, gossip, bunch
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Communication

- 2. b 1. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. You took the words right out of my mouth.
- 6. Suddenly, difficult, anguish
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Hungry, Anyone?

- 4. h 1. b 2. b 3. a
- 5. Do you want to grab a bite to eat?
- 6. inexpensive, entire, requested
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Taking Care of Business

- 2. c 1. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. He needs to bring home the bacon for his family; he needs to keep the wolf from the door.
- 6. spouse, response, opportunity
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Difficult Situations

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. She will pull through.
- 6. business, fail, offer
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Going Places

- 2. c 3. b 1. b 4. a
- 5. because he was finally done with his work
- 6. leaving, office, simply
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

That's Easy!

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. because his sister was friends with the employer
- 6. achieve, worried, chef
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Are You Listening?

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. The directions went in one ear and out the other.
- 6. presentation, lent, respond
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Anger Management

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. she would shout and cry
- 6. suddenly, happened, lied
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Acting Strange

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. he is off his rocker; he has a screw loose, he has lost his marbles
- 6. forgets, discover, normal
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Who's Telling the Truth?

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. because he felt bad about lying to his boss
- 6. fault, admit, innocent
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Sick and Tired

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- because it was a chance for her to relax; because she got a break from her normal activities; because she was running on empty
- 6. receive, completing, exhausted
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Idioms Level 4.5

Note: The list of answers for some of the questions may not include all of the possibilities.

Too Much to Do

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. She has too many patients visiting her today, and she cannot see any of them for long.
- 6. visiting, fewer, responsibilities
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Having a Bad Day

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. Jana left Nadia's group after Nadia already felt bad about the way Omar had treated her.
- 6. badly, upset, complete
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Having Problems

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. Carl swam because he caught the bus to work.
- 6. deep, decided, broke down
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

To Work, or Not to Work

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. He made the dining floor so clean that it looked brand new, and he scraped the old wallpaper off the bathroom walls.
- 6. filthy, picnic, materials
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Losing Money

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. When he plugged in the radio, he discovered that it was broken, and the street vendor had disappeared.
- 6. fails, discovered, attempted
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

No Problem!

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. b
- 5. He didn't have enough time to prepare questions.
- 6. bunch, nearly, receive
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Follow the Leader

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. because Molly was new to the school
- 6. understood, cash register, advice
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

53

Idioms Level 4.5 (continued)

Fighting with Friends and Foes

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. He told lies about Monica to try to convince people not to vote for her.
- 6. Finally, angrily, ignore
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

How Frustrating!

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. Jerome never listened to her and his room was always messy.
- 6. difficult, encouraged, stayed
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

Feeling Great

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. He was accepted by a top university.
- 6. lead role, fantastic, accepted
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

New on the Job

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. because he had no experience owning a business
- 6. task, customers, naïve
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

In a Bad Mood

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. She yelled at her sister for taking a long shower; she snapped at her mom during breakfast; at school she got mad at her best friend for no reason.
- 6. multiple, boring, courageous
- 7. Answers will vary.
- 8. Answers will vary.
- 9. Answers will vary.

5 Answers for the Spanish Levels

This chapter lists the answers to the quiz questions for the SE Spanish levels. The software automatically corrects the multiple-choice questions. A teacher or an assistant must evaluate the students' answers to question 5, which is always an open-ended question.

Please note that the answers given for the open-ended questions may not include all of the possibilities. Consequently, you should use your discretion when correcting them.

The starting page for each of the levels is listed below:

Level	Page
1.0	56
1.5	
2.0	
2.5	60
3.5	61
4.5	63

Spanish Level 1.0

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

Los osos

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. No pueden ver bien.

El autobús

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: trabajo; ciudad; amigos; pueblo; escuela

Las manzanas

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: árboles; huertas; patios; tiendas

Las fincas

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: menos comida; no hay lugar para algunos animals

Los peces

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: pescarlos; limpiarlos; cocinarlos; asarlos; freírlos

Los barcos

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: viento; motores; remos; gente

Los caballos

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: porque tienen patas largas

Los colores

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: rojo; naranja; amarillo; verde; azul; morado

Los sombreros

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: para protergerse del frío; estar sin peligro; ser cómicos; dar sombra

Los árboles

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a

5. Respuestas posibles: ninguna sombra; ninguna madera; menos fruta

Las nubes

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: en forma de oso; en forma de barco; en forma de autobús; en forma de nube

La luna

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: animales; plantas; aire; agua

El zoológico

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: alimentarlos; limpiarlos; curarlos

El aeropuerto

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: viajar; comer; ir de compras; pasar por la gente

La lluvia

- 1. a 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: ayudar a las plantas crecer; nos dan agua para tomar

Las mascotas

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: perros; gatos; conejos; peces; hámsters; pájaros

Un picnic

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: comer; jugar; correr; columpiarse; jugar en la resbaladilla

La ciudad

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: gente; calles; edificios; casas; tiendas

La miel

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. Usan parte de la flor para hacer miel. Después se comen la miel.

Los carros

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a

5. Respuestas posibles: Las luces direccionales evitan accidentes al avisar a otra gente lo que los carros van a hacer. Las luces evitan accidentes al permitir que otros conductores vean el carro de noche. El claxon permite que los conductors comuniquen uno con otro.

Los gatos

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: darles un lugar para vivir; darles una cama seca; darles comida; darles agua

Las estrellas

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. Vemos la estrella polar en la noche.

Las bicicletas

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: divertirse; viajar a diferentes lugares; para hacer ejercicio

Los camiones

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: semiremolque; camión de carga; camión de reparto; remolques

Spanish Level 1.5

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

Los mamíferos

- 1. a 2. a 3. b 4. d
- 5. Respuestas posibles: tenemos pelo; nuestros hijos nacen vivos; somos de sangre caliente.

Las plantas

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: nos dan comida; nos dan flores; nos dan aire

El básquetbol

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: correr; rebotar la pelota; pescar la pelota; tirar la pelota; meter la pelota en la red

El béisbol

1. b 2. a 3. b 4. c

5. Respuestas posibles: correr; lanzar; pescar; batear; lanzar la pelota; alcanzar y tocar otros jugadores

El fútbol

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: los pies; la cabeza; las rodillas

Las culebras

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: en agua; en desiertos; en jardines; en bosques

Los dinosaurios

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: plantas; otros dinosaurios; huevos de dinosaurios

El padre de nuestra patria

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d
- 5. Fue nuestro primer presidente.

Un gran presidente

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- Abe trabajó para pagar por el libro que había dañado.

Los tiburones

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: viven en agua; nadan muy bien; tienen ojos; tienen aletas; tienen rabos

El panda

- 1. d 2. d 3. b 4. d
- 5. Respuestas posibles: son grandes; tienen pelaje; se parecen unos a otros

Los océanos

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: peces; tiburones; plantas; ballenas; nadadores; agua salada

Los mamíferos del mar

- 1. d 2. b 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: respiran aire; paren bebés vivos; alimentan a los bebés con la leche de la madre; tienen pelaje o pelo

Un circo

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: perros; elefantes; leones; payasos; gente haciendo piruetas

Spanish Level 1.5 (continued)

Martin Luther King

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Martin Luther King soñaba que toda la gente pudiera vivir junta y en paz.

El invierno

- 1. d 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: botas; sombreros; guantes; abrigos

Los payasos

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: se ponen ropa cómica; hacen trucos; actúan de manera cómica; montan bicicletas y carros muy pequeños

El taxi

- 1. a 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: al aeropuerto; a las tiendas; al trabajo

Los desiertos

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: porque hay muy poca agua; porque es muy caliente durante el día y muy fresco durante la noche

La natación

- 1. d 2. a 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: dar lecciones de natación; mirar a la gente nadar; salvar vidas

El frisbee

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: pescar; tirar; jugar

Tu esqueleto

- 1. b 2. d 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: nos da forma; nos ayuda a correr; nos ayuda a saltar; nos ayuda a crecer

La jirafa

- 1. b 2. d 3. b 4. d
- Respuestas posibles: duermen de pie; se ponen de pie después de una hora de nacidos; comen hojas y frutas de las ramas altas en los árboles; descansan las cabezas en las ramas de los árboles

Los trenes

- 1. b 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: viajar; comer; dormir; leer; hablar

Spanish Level 2.0

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

El mejor del hombre

- 1. d 2. c 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: cuidar casas; cuidar ganado; tirar de trineos; perro de ciego; cazan con la gente

El oso polar

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: tienen pelaje que los protégé del frío; tienen patas con pelaje suave; tienen pelaje difícil de ver en la nieve

Elizabeth Blackwell

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: era muy estudiosa; se hizo médica; abrió un hospital para mujeres y niños pobres; ayudó a la gente enferma

Las ranas

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: nacidas en agua; pueden vivir en el agua; ponen huevos en el agua

Amelia Earhart

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. d
- Respuestas posibles: primera mujer en cruzar el Atlántico en avión; trató de darle vuelta al mundo; hizo cosas que otras muchachas no hacían

George Washington Carver

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: trabajó para pagar sus estudios en la universidad; hizo más de trescientas cosas de cacahuates; hizo muchas cosas nuevas de las plantas

Los marineros en el espacio

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: buenas habilidades para pensar; cuerpos fuertes; la habilidad para trabajar en espacios reducidos; la habilidad para mantenerse calmado; valentía

Susan B. Anthony

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. c
- 5. Murió antes de que las mujeres recibieran el derecho de votar.

¿Se mueren?

- 1. a 2. d 3. b 4. c
- Perdería mucha agua por las hojas y no podría recibir agua por las raíces al congelarse la tierra.

La estrella de la Tierra

- 1. d 2. d 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: da luz; da calor; da otros tipos de energía

¿Qué llevas en la cabeza?

- 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: protege la cabeza del frío; protege las cabezas de quemaduras de sol; hace que la gente se mire bien

El año bisiesto

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. d
- Toma más de 365 días para que el mundo dé vuelta al sol, así es que el tiempo adicional se añade una vez cada cuatro años para hacer un año bisiesto.

Los globos de aire caliente

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. El aire caliente en el globo es más liviano que el aire de afuera.

Los voladores de la noche

- 1. a 2. d 3. b 4. a
- 5. El murciélago hace un sonido que pega contra la comida y rebota hacia el murciélago diciéndole dónde está la comida.

Los carros de carrera

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. d
- Respuestas posibles: carros rápidos; conductors habilidosos; emocionante y peligrosos; el que gana recibe la bandera de cuadros

Los delfines

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. d
- Respuestas posibles: nacen vivos; los bebés toman la leche de la madre; se ayudan cuando están enfermos; pueden nadar y hacer trucos

El gecko

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: caminan en el techo; pierden las colas; crecen colas nuevas; pueden tener dos colas; duermen todo el día; hacen ruido por la noche

Diversión en el hielo

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: competir; deslizarse; girar; saltar; usar los músculos; jugar al hockey

Los pioneros

- 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: despoblaron bosques; comerciaban en pieles; exploraban los bosques; criaban animales y cultivaban para vender; viajaban en carretas

Deslizándose sobre la nieve

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: quedan mejor, más lizos y planos ya que no son hechos de hueso sino de metal; plástico o Madera

El volcán

- 1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: explosión poderosa; lastimadura de la lava y gas caliente

El piano

- 1. b 2. d 3. a 4. b
- 5. La tecla mueve el martillo que golpea la cuerda. El glope hace que la cuerda se mueva rápidamente y produzca sonido.

El lobo

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. d
- Respuestas posibles: piensan que los lobos atacan a la gente; los lobos aullan; los lobos son animals salvajes; los lobos caminana en manadas

Spanish Level 2.0 (continued)

El dinosaurio con un pico

- 1. d 2. b 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: comían plantas de la tierra; tenían patas para correr; tenían pezuñas

Spanish Level 2.5

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

La cobra escupidora

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: se da la vuelta y se hace la muerta; escupe veneno

Hombres que caminan sobre el fuego

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: muy peligroso; se queman los pies; no tienen entrenamiento

Walt Disney

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: se hizo amigo con los animales; dibujó retratos; dibujó caricaturas; hizo películas

Las abejas asesinas

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: tiene un piquete muy venenoso; persigue a la gente en manadas; deja un aguijón en la víctima; puede matar a una persona con 40 a 50 piquetes; es mala

El buceo

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: para mirar los peces; para mirar las plantas; para buscar tesoros; para estudiar el océano y la vida marina; para diversión; para trabajo

Earvin Johnson

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: le ayuda a una person tener éxito; lleva a una persona a ser el mejor; probablemente trabajó mucho para llegar a ser una gran persona

La hiena

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: se come los desperdicios de la gente y de los animals

El diablo de Tasmania

- 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: son malos; matan animals más grandes; son malos unos con otros; viven en la isla de Tasmania

P. T. Barnum

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: comenzó el primer circo; podía hacer cosas falsas parecer reales; podía engañar a la gente; organizó un museo

La raya venenosa

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: se mira extraña; tiene un cuerpo plano; tiene un rabo y aguijón largo; no tiene huesos; no puede ver la comida

Las piñatas

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: es divertido jugar con ellas; todos pueden jugar; da regalos; a los niños les gusta pegarle

Los OVNI

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: meteoritos; planetas; estrellas; globos; gases

Babe Ruth

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: no se metió en líos; le dio una habilidad para el resto de la vida; lo hizo famoso; elevó su dignidad

La fiebre de oro

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: un viaje largo y cansado; murieron de enfermedades, frío y hambre; se regresaron

El dragón komodo

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: se esconden en cuevas; tiene escamas; usan la cola para matar; tienen dientes filudos y garras

Davy Crockett

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: mató muchos osos; conocía muy bien los animales y el bosque; fue elegido al Congreso; murió un héroe en el Álamo

El mamut lanudo

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: son casi del mismo tamaño; tienen colmillos y trompas

Las guitarras

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: cómo rasguear y tocar; cómo apretar las cuerdas; cómo tocar los acordes y las notas; cómo saber cuáles cuerdas apretar y tocar

Un instrumento musical de tono alto

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: Se sopla en la boquilla del instrumento y el aire vapor el tubo hacia bajo. El aire en movimiento hace el ruido.

Pelé

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: hizo más puntos que todos; ayudó a los equipos ganar campeonatos; estuvo en tres equipos que ganaron la Copa Mundial

El cerebro

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: recibe señales; controla la respiración, el parpadeo de los ojos, el palpitar del corazón; controla las emociones y pensamientos; controla todo lo que hacemos

Los pájaros cucu

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: engaña a los otros pájaros; hace un ruido extraño; ponen los huevos en los nidos de otros pájaros; no cuida de sus bebés

Una planta carnívora

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: se parece a cualquier otra planta; tiene hojas llenas de jugo dulce; tiene jugo pegajoso en las hojas

El tiburón dócil

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: tiene un cuerpo grande para alimentar; se alimenta de animales muy pequeños; siempre nada por lo que usa energía

Spanish Level 3.5

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

Billie Jean King

- 1. c 2. b 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: jugaba bien al tenis; ganó partidos en Wimbledon y Forest Hills muchas veces; aceptó el reto de Bobby Riggs

Harry Houdini

- 1. a 2. c 3. c 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: nadie podía ver lo que estaba haciendo; más divertido ver; más divertido para Houdini; es un misterio por qué ariesgó su vida

El Emperador de América

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: le gustaba pasar tiempo con la gente; quería hacer el mundo un lugar mejor; le gustaba ir a eventos públicos

Joe Louis

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: más fuerte que Dempsey; las manos más rápidas; le ganó a Braddock; peleaba con quien quisiera pelear con él; tuvo el título por 12 años

Helen Keller

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: aprendió a comunicar a pesar de estar ciega y muda; fue a la Universidad; estudió cosas que eran difíciles para otros

Stevie Wonder

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: podía hacer algo divertido; tenía algo qué hacer aunque estaba ciego; lo ayudó a descubrir la música; lo llevó a una carerra en la música

Spanish Level 3.5 (continued)

Wilma Rudolph

- 1. b 2. b 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: caminó después de estar paralizada; participó en el atletismo y jugó al básquetbol después de estar paralizada; ganó tres medallas de oro; nunca se dió por vencida

Bruce Lee

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: como estrella de cine; como maestro de kung fu; como actor que hizo sus propios trucos en el cine

Jim Thorpe

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: tiene que ser bueno en muchos eventos; tiene que sobresalir en todos los eventos

¿Maceta o linterna?

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: otra persona hubiera inventado la linterna; nadie hubiera inventado la linterna

¿Hay un Bigfoot?

- 1. a 2. a 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: Bigfoot puede no ser verdadero; los osos y Bigfoot se parecen; no hay fotos de lo que vieron los muchachos; los muchachos tenían miedo

El Spruce Goose

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: hecho de madera; muy grande; voló sólo una vez; voló despacio

El lago que desapareció

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: grande porque tenía muchas barcazas y remolcadores; el hoyo se abrió una milla y media

La Atlántida perdida—¿Encontrada?

- 1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: más partes de edificios; piedras con escritura; platos o herramienta de piedra antigua; esculpida en algunos edificios

El géiser Old Faithful

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: vapor y agua son muy calientes; se arrojan muchos galones de agua; expulsa agua con tal fuerza que alcanza una altura de hasta 180 pies en el aire

Gaseosas con helado

- 1. b 2. c 3. a 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: no se dio por vencido; pensó en otras formas de hacer sus refrescos

Velcro

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: mochilas; zapatos; chaquetas; ropa; relojes; correas de sombreros; bolsas; abrochar cosas en el espacio sideral

Tesoros en un tumba

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: bien escondido; tener temor de abrir una sepultura; difícil de entrar; nadie sabía que existía porque fue rey por poco tiempo

El hombre de tres piernas

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: era feliz; sabía que otros tenían problemas más grandes

Los perros San Bernardos

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: encuentran el camino; tiran de cosas pesadas; te salvan de peligro

Los hipopótamos

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: mantenerse frescos; mantenerse quietos y conservar energía

Los colibrís

- 1. a 2. b 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: pueden volar boca abajo y de lado a lado; pueden suspenderse en el aire; las alas se mueven tan rápidamente que es difícil verlas mover; patas muy débiles para caminar; lengua larga

Las cebras

- 1. c 2. c 3. a 4. b
- 5. los cazadores fueron la razón por la cual la cuarta especie está extinta

Sacajawea

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: no sabían a dónde iban; territorio difícil; no sabían la lengua de los indios americanos

Spanish Level 4.5

Nota: La lista de respuestas para algunas de las preguntas no siempre incluye todas las posibles respuestas

El monstruo Loch Ness

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: no existe; es difícil ver cosas en el agua lodosa; el agua está muy fría para bucear

En busca de las cosas extra pequeñas

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: no tenía buena educación; fue el primero en ver células pequeñas; su microscopia podía aumentar las cosas mucho más que microscopios anteriores

Erupción de destrucción

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: una explosión enorme; la isla explotó por completo; olas ahogaron a la gente que trataba de escapar en barcos y a otras islas

Neil Armstrong

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: era un Boy Scout; hacía aeromodelos; aprendió a volar jets

Amelia Earhart

- 1. b 2. c 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: fue piloto cuando era aun peligroso volar; la primera mujer en cruzar el océano; la primera mujer en volar alrededor del mundo

Muhammad Ali

- 1. a 2. c 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: para asustar a los boxeadores; pensaba que era el mejor; para presumir

Jacques Cousteau

- 1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: desarrolló equipo para buceo; estudió la vida y geología del mar; compartía la información con otros através de programas de televisión y libros

El terremoto de San Francisco

- 1. c 2. c 3. b 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: construir tubería de gas y agua más fuerte; tener mejor protección contra incendio; no construir ciudades en lugares donde hay terremotos

La inundación en Johnstown

- 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: mucha lluvia o nieve; una presa débil; no reparar la presa

Trabajadores subterráneos

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: la tierra sería menos rica; las plantas no podrían obtener agua y aire fácilmente; menos plantas; menos comida para nosotros

Fritas a la perfección

- 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: 1 en 10 papas se usa para hacer papas fritas; muchos sabores de papas fritas

Beethoven

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b
- Respuestas posibles: gran talento; estudió música; tocaba el piano bien

La mariquita

- 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. a
- Respuestas posibles: bonita; ayuda al ambiente; mata áfidos; unos piensan que las margaritas son buena suerte

¿Masticando árboles?

- 1. b 2. a 3. a 4. c
- Respuestas posibles: hacer chicle mejor y con más elasticidad; más barato de hacer que usar los árboles; hay pocos árboles de dónde agarrar la substancia; mejor para hacer globos

Spanish Level 4.5 (continued)

Los escarabajos

- 3. c 4. c 1. c 2. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: siguen cambiando para adaptarse al ambiene; el caparazón duro protege a los escarabajos; el caparazón duro atrapa el aire para que los escarabajos vivan bajo el agua; el caparazón almacena humedad para que los escarabajos vivan en el desierto

La pregunta de Isaac

- 1. c 2. a 3. a 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: puede que los pies no toquen la tierra; podría flotar; los libros no pesarían mucho; los libros flotarían en el espacio

¿Morirá el sol?

- 1. b 2. b 3. a 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: cambia lentamente; muy lejos y muy brillante para ver claramente

El tigre de Siberia

- 1. c 2. a 3. h 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: clima frío; nieve; inviernos largos

Chicago se quema

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: edificios mal construídos; mal sistema de alarma; mal equipo; ignorancia de cómo combatir incendios; clima caliente y seco

La Campana de la Libertad

- 2. b 4. b 1. a 3. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: para ver la rajadura; porque es vieja; porque se quebró tantas veces; porque sonó para eventos importantes en nuestra historia

Sibyl Ludington

- 2. a 3. b 1. c 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: era valiente, calmada y lista; conocía los caminos bien; podía montar a caballo y disparar armas bien; los soldados le tenían confianza; los británicos no notarían a una muchacha

Jane Goodall

- 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. a
- 5. Respuestas posibles: al vivir cerca de ellos; al observarlos; al compararlos con los humanos; al escribir y hablar sobre ellos

Diana Nyad

- 1. c 2. b 3. b 4. b
- 5. Respuestas posibles: resistencia; fuerza físico/mental; auto disciplina

La Madre Teresa

- 1. b 2. c 3. c 4. c
- 5. Respuestas posibles: proveer comida, ropa y alojamiento; hacer que la gente se sienta útil; hablar a otros de la situación de la gente pobre



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RN21AG-1107